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MARGINAL COLUMN
By NISSIM REJWAN

TRYING to understand the Arab world today — not to speak of interpreting it to others—is no doubt becoming one of the most uncertain occupations imaginable. Having taken some time off for a mental as well as physical airing, and deciding to keep as far as possible away from the snark-like hunt, we thought that poetics, semantics and kindred subjects for which we have always had a special weakness would do for the purpose. We accordingly picked up the latest paper-back selection from the works of Kenneth Burke, an old and valued acquaintance, and slipped it into our holiday baggage, making off for the first seaside resort at which we could get a reservation. The book in question — "The Philosophy of Literary Form," (Vintage, $1.25) is subtitled "Studies in Symbolic Action," and the foreword claims that the primary interest of these studies lies "in speculation on the nature of linguistic, or symbolic, or literary action — and in a search for more precise ways of locating or defining such action."

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A MORE innocuous subject, or one further removed from Middle East muddles, we thought, can hardly be hoped for — and proceeded to read, now fascinated, now a little bewildered, of things about which we have always felt rather excited but which have in the meantime become a wee bit irrelevant. The title essay — a 120-page affair — treats of the works of such eminent American poets as John Crowe Ransom and Robert Penn Warren and deals with works ranging from "Moby Dick" and "The Ancient Mariner" to "Grapes of Wrath" and the early novels of Hemingway. It is followed by an essay on Semantics and Poetic Meaning, and another on the Virtues and Limitations of Debunking, in which this very useful branch of literature is traced from Lytton Strachey back to the works of Jeremy Bentham, Machiavelli and Hobbes. The leisurely pace of the writing, the remarkable erudition, the easy touch and the many unexpected insights — all these served to remind us, we thought, of the great and fruitful field of speculation one was missing by having to deal with the drab day-to-day mixture of political intrigues and stupidities which now passes for the Middle East scene.

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BUT, lo and behold, Burke suddenly plunges us into a subject that seems pure Middle East — and we are jolted back into present-day realities. Burke's fourth essay contains this quotation, taken from a book which once was very notorious: "As a whole, and at all times, the efficiency of the truly national leader consists primarily in preventing the division of the attention of a people, and always in concentrating it on a single enemy. The more uniformly the fighting will of a people is put into action, the greater will be the magnetic force of the movement and the more powerful the impetus of the blow. It is part of the genius of a great leader to make adversaries of different fields appear as always belonging to one category only, because to weak and unstable characters the knowledge that these are various enemies will lead only too easily to incipient doubts as to their own cause. As soon as the wavering masses find themselves confronted with too many enemies, objectivity at once steps in, and the question is raised whether actually all the others are wrong and their own nation or their own movement alone is right... therefore a number of essentially different enemies must always be regarded as one in such a way that in the opinion of the mass of one's own adherents the war is being waged against one enemy alone. This strengthens the belief in one's own cause and increases one's bitterness against the attacker."

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MUCH as we distrust historical analogies, we could not help reflecting on how identical are the ways of dictators at all times and in all places. For some time now we had been trying to find out why our friend Colonel Nasser concentrates all his venom on "Imperialism," a term which we still think has lost most of its relevance anyway — at least for the Nile Valley. But there is an obvious advantage in grouping all your enemies under one name and turning this designation into a common swearword. Hitler did this with the word Jew; Nasser does it with the terms Imperialism and Imperialists. (The quotation above is taken from the former's "Mein Kampf").

Natanya, August 4.

NEHRU: 'WAR MAY COME DESPITE US'

NEW DELHI, (Reuter). — Premier Nehru said on Sunday he was beginning to doubt whether anybody could control events which might lead to a third World War.

In opening the third World Assembly of Youth, Mr. Nehru did not refer directly to the Middle East but said "all of us sitting here may be absolutely convinced that steps should be taken to avoid war, but in spite of us war may come."

Murphy in Baghdad: Junta 'Not Hostile'

BAGHDAD (Reuter). — Mr. Robert Murphy, President Eisenhower's personal representative in the Middle East, said on Sunday he did not find any hostility to the Baghdad Pact during an interview with the Iraqi Premier, Brig. Abdul Karim Kassem.

He told reporters after the interview, "The Iraqi leaders are still actively studying the pact, but showed no hostility."

Mr. Murphy said the new Government's major preoccupation appeared to be "to undo the sins of the past and raise the standard of living inside the country. They categorically denied the revolution was inspired from outside and said it was a purely internal affair.

Was Impressed

"I was impressed by the earnestness and alertness of the new leaders, who seem full of determination to maintain their independence of world blocs, and have a forward looking policy."

On foreign policy he said, "They made no reference to alliances with the United Arab Republic or other countries." He added they found "different definitions" of Arab nationalism "which have perhaps led to some confusion."

After the interview, Mr. Murphy left to return to Beirut. He said he planned to visit Cairo on Tuesday.

President Eisenhower's representative spent two hours with Prime Minister Abdul Karim Kassem, the Foreign Minister, Abdul Jaffer, and Finance Minister Mohammed Habib. He said he came away with the impression that Iraqi suspicions that the U.S. was trying to overthrow the new regime were allayed.

Shehab, Solh Differ On Interim Gov't

The Speaker of the Lebanese Parliament, Adel Osseiran, said in Beirut on Sunday that he had taken steps to arrange for the appointment of an interim Government until President-elect Fuad Shehab takes office on September 24, the Arab News Agency has reported.

A spokesman of the incumbent Sami Solh Government said, however, that the Cabinet would not resign for the time being as such a step is not stipulated in the Constitution. Parliamentary factions are continuing their consultations and deputies are demanding the convening of an extraordinary session of Parliament to discuss the situation created by the clash between the new President-elect and Premier Solh.

A total of 2,200 U.S. troops landed from ships at Beirut Sunday, including a medium tank battalion from Germany, equipped with 72 Patton tanks. Other ships are waiting to pull into the docks, among them one with 400 vehicles aboard.

Tie Vote On Mixed Bathing

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The most heated Jerusalem Municipal Council debate in the past five years was touched off Sunday night by protests against mixed bathing in the new pool.

The "ten thousand persons" who bathed in the mixed swimming pool in Jerusalem on Saturday were termed "hooligans" and "loose-moraled" by Rabbi Moshe Porush (Agudat Yisrael). His words touched off a heated four hour debate.

The Councillors, sweltering even under electric fans, shouted and pounded on tables.

At midnight, when the Orthodox proposal to ban mixed bathing in the pool failed to obtain the necessary majority vote (it was tied at 10-10 with Vice-Mayor Rahamim Kalantar voting with the Orthodox) Rabbi Porush appeared to lose control of himself, screaming insults at Mayor Gershon Agron at the top of his voice. For five minutes everyone was shouting at the same time.

Mr. Moshe Baram (Mapai) told the Orthodox bloc that any insult aimed at Mayor Agron included the "entire labour movement."

The debate began at 8 p.m. with Rabbi Porush speaking in insulting terms of the bathers and that secular Jewry had declared "war on Orthodox Jewry."

Mr. Shear-Yashuv Cohen (Mizrahi) admitted that the orthodox permitted mixed bathing in Israel, even in the Mizrahi kibbutz of Tirat Zvi, but he said that Jerusalem had special characteristics which must be observed.

"Those who live in Jerusalem must be holy for the sake of the rest of Jewry, otherwise Jerusalem will lose its special place in the eyes of the world," he said.

Mayor Agron, after defending the "rabble of bathers" said he was willing to recommend to the pool management that they set aside special days each week, some for men, others for women, so the orthodox could also use the pool. Mixed bathing would be permitted on the remaining days.

300 Seized As Anti-EOKA Hunt Opens

NICOSIA (Reuter). — More than 2,000 British troops resumed a large-scale anti-EOKA operation in East Cyprus early Sunday morning.

The operation is believed to be one of the biggest to be staged this year. Greek newspapers put the number of Greek Cypriots arrested as suspects during the operation so far at about 300.

On Sunday it was officially announced that three Greek Cypriot youths were found shot and stabbed to death near Trimetousha village in East Cyprus.

It was also announced that a British soldier was shot dead in a garden at Limassol.

The Kaimakli and Omorfita suburbs of Nicosia remained under curfew Sunday following clashes between Greeks and Turks there Saturday in which a Turkish Cypriot was shot and wounded.

The official total of Saturday's arson fires in the island is 26, including a Greek-owned cigarette factory in the Turkish quarter of Nicosia which was completely gutted.

A contingent of 98 policemen from Britain, who are part of the 300 reinforcements for the island's police force, landed at Nicosia on Saturday night. They arrived in a chartered Britannia airliner. Another 50 were expected to arrive Sunday.

ARAB LEAGUE TO MEET OCT. 1

The Secretary-General of the Arab League, Abdul Khalek Hassouna, has announced that the League Council will convene on October 1, Cairo Radio reported on Sunday.

HARE, SABRY CONFER

CAIRO (Reuter). — The American Ambassador to Cairo, Mr. Raymond Hare, conferred with the Minister for Presidential Affairs, Aly Sabry, for 20 minutes on Sunday night. The subject of the meeting was not disclosed.

Death Asked For Jordan Plotters

The prosecutor in a military trial being held in Amman on Sunday called for the imposition of the death sentence on 60 persons accused of attempting to overthrow the present Jordan regime, and of illegally possessing arms, Reuter reported.

The prosecutor, Major Emil Shammar, said in his opening speech that the 28 prisoners in court (the rest are being tried in absentia) had all confessed and had guided security forces to their secret arms caches near the Syrian border.

All 28 prisoners come from Kafr Soum, near the Syrian border. They were arrested during operations last Sunday and Monday when Jordan security forces claim to have captured rifles, carbines, ammunition and two bazooka-type anti-tank weapons.

The Old City daily "El Jihad" reported that two Arabs from a village near Ramallah had been sentenced on Saturday to a year's imprisonment and a fine of 100 dinars each on charges of listening to Kol Yisrael news bulletins, and reporting the news to their fellow villagers.

Jordan Freezes All Iraqi Property

The Premier of Jordan, Samir Rifa'i, on Sunday ordered the freezing of all Iraqi property in Jordan, Beirut Radio announced. The value of the property is estimated at 2m. dinar.

The Arab Union Broadcasting Station, so called ever since the establishment of the Union between Iraq and Jordan, Sunday, again called itself the "Hashemite Broadcasting Station."

Cabinet Rules Out Decisions To Re-Bury Remains of Zionists

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Cabinet decided on Sunday not to initiate the re-burial in Israel of the remains of any Zionist leaders.

The immediate question concerned the remains of Ze'ev Jabotinsky, who is now buried in New York. In recent weeks a number of groups have been advocating his re-burial here. Mr. Israel Rokach (General Zionists) has submitted a motion for the agenda in the Knesset to that effect.

The Government spokesman said Sunday that the only instance in which the Government had decided on a re-burial was that of Theodor Herzl. All other instances, including that of Edmond de Rothschild, had been carried out by non-governmental institutions, although in some cases with Government assistance.

The Government decision is, of course, not to be interpreted as preventing any private or public organization from taking whatever action it deems fit in this matter.

Human Rights

The Cabinet appointed a committee to decide on a suitable means of celebrating the 10th anniversary of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, which was adopted by the U.N. General Assembly on December 10, 1948.

The members of the committee are the Speaker of the Knesset, Mr. Y. Sprinzak, the Minister of Justice, Mr. P. Rosen, the Minister of Education, Mr. Z. Aranne. The Attorney-General, Mr. Haim Cohn, will coordinate the committee's work.

Teachers Pensions

The Cabinet decided that elementary school teachers employed by the State shall come under the provisions of the Civil Service Pension Law.

A recommendation to this effect was submitted to the Government by the Knesset Labour Committee last December, and is in line with the teachers' demands.

Oil and Wages

The Cabinet ratified two international conventions: one dealing with olive oil and one with the prompt payment of wages.

The purpose of the first is to encourage the production, distribution and export of olive oil and to fix fair standards. Israel exports 1,000 tons a year, the spokesman said.

Israel became eligible to sign the Convention on Wage Protection with the recent passage by the Knesset of the Wage Protection Law, which provides for fines if wages are unduly delayed.

The Cabinet communique stated:

At the weekly meeting of the Government:

The Prime Minister reported on developments in the sphere of foreign policy and security.

The Commissioner of Prisons reported on the escape from Shatta prison.

It was decided that Israel shall subscribe to the International Convention on Olive Oil, and the Convention of the International Labour Organization on Wage Protection was ratified.

It was decided to appoint a committee composed of the Speaker of the Knesset, the Minister of Justice and the Minister of Education and Culture, which will supervise the celebration of the tenth anniversary of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

It was decided that the Government, having transferred the remains of Theodor Herzl, the founder of Political Zionism, it would not again undertake the transfer of the remains of those who had been active in the Zionist movement.

It was decided that the Civil Service Law (Pensions), 1953, shall also apply to teachers in State employ.

Etzioni to Probe Jail Break

Jerusalem Post Staff

The Minister of Justice has appointed the Haifa District Court Judge, Dr. Moshe Etzioni, chairman of the three-man committee to investigate the violent mass-break from the Shatta prison in the Emek Yizrael last Thursday evening.

Sixty-six convicts, *fedayeen*, marauders and smugglers from the neighbouring Arab States, escaped across the Jordan border after the break. Eleven prisoners and two prison warders were killed and five prisoners and two prison guards are at the Afula hospital, recovering from bullet wounds.

Others appointed to the enquiry commission are Mr. Ephraim Hofstetter, Chief Superintendent of the Criminal Investigation Branch of the C.I.D., and Mr. Arye Nir, Commander of the Central Police District.

Judge Etzioni told *The Jerusalem Post* on Sunday night that he had not received official notification of his appointment. He said he could not decide the scope of the committee's investigations until he received his terms of reference. The committee would probably start its work immediately after notification was received, Judge Etzioni said.

The Minister of Justice, Dr. P. Rosen, reported to the Cabinet on Sunday on the appointment of the committee. Discussion of the matter was deferred until receipt of the committee's report.

The Cabinet also heard a report on the prison break from the Commissioner of Prisons, Dr. Zvi Hermon, in the absence of the Minister of Police who is on leave.

The self-styled "journalist," Ahmed Ali Ottman, believed to have planned the break from prison, and who is now lying seriously wounded at the Afula hospital, was an Egyptian intelligence officer, it was reliably learned by *The Jerusalem Post* on Sunday.

Ottman told police investigators in the hospital that he decided about a month ago that he would escape "because he was bored in prison."

The 32-year-old tall, balding Egyptian, was a personal friend of Ali Sabry, head of Egyptian intelligence and at one time an intimate of Abdul Nasser. Ottman approached representatives of Israel abroad, describing himself as a refugee from Egypt who was disenchanted with Nasserism. He suggested that he should cooperate on broadcasts in Arabic beamed to neighbouring countries. His offer was accepted last September with some doubts, and he did no work. He made no effort to hide his nationality whilst spending time at the Dan Hotel bar and Yarkon Hotel, where he lived, and represented himself as a journalist.

After sometime he suggested that in place of the radio work he undertake active sabotage in Egypt. This offer was rejected. Owing to his insistence he was detained and interrogated on November 9, but it appears that insufficient evidence was collected to bring him to trial, and he was held in administrative detention until it should become possible to deport him. He will now be charged with murder and leading the attack on the Shatta prison warders. He has told police investigators at the Afula hospital that someone else originally planned the prison break, but refused to reveal the person's name.

Ottman was born in Cairo, the son of a wealthy land owner. He is married, and the father of two children. He completed his studies at Cairo University in 1952, and later worked as adviser to the Egyptian Finance Ministry in Saudi Arabia.

In Israel prisons, in his rare conversations on political subjects, he always claimed to be opposed to Nasser's policies. However, when he arrived at Shatta he was already known to the veteran infiltrators there and appeared to have much influence with them.

Khrushchev, Mao Tse-tung Hold 4-Day Meeting in Peking, Lash Western Policy

DEMAND ALLIES QUIT LEBANON, JORDAN

The Soviet Premier, Mr. Nikita Khrushchev, and the Chinese Chief of State, Mr. Mao Tse-tung, concluded four days of secret talks in Peking on Sunday, and issued a communique denouncing the U.S. and Britain as "the enemy of peace and democracy." The joint announcement called for summit talks at once, and demanded the immediate withdrawal of American and British forces from the Lebanon and Jordan.

Mr. Khrushchev flew into Peking on Thursday for the surprise Communist "summit" meeting, and ended talks with Mr. Mao "on the urgent and important questions in the present international situation."



MAO and KHRUSHCHEV

The communique, which covered world problems ranging from the Middle East to disarmament, and from summit talks to Yugoslav revisionism, described as "the chief danger in the Communist movement," was issued simultaneously in Moscow and Peking by the Soviet news agency, TASS, and the New China News Agency.

The Soviet Premier left Peking in a TU-104 jet plane Sunday afternoon, 40 minutes after he and the Chinese leader had signed the communique.

It was Mr. Khrushchev's first visit to China, at least since coming to power. He was accompanied by Marshal Rodion Malinovsky, the Minister of Defence, Mr. Vassily Kuznetsov, Acting Foreign Minister, and Mr. B. Ponomarev, a member of the Central Committee of the Soviet Communist Party.

With Mr. Mao at the talks were Premier Chou En-lai, Vice-Premier Peng Teh-huai, and Foreign Minister Chen Yi.

Visit Surprises

The visit was such a surprise that diplomats in Moscow thought Mr. Khrushchev was in the Soviet capital ready to hand over a note in reply to the Western powers on a date for the summit conference. There was immediate speculation among Western diplomats in Moscow about the fact that Mr. Khrushchev, heretofore the acknowledged leader of world Communism, went to Peking instead of Mr. Mao going to Moscow.

The Communist communique was laced with denunciations of the Western powers.

Partial text of the communique follows:

The two parties to the talk held all-round discussions on the urgent and important questions in the present international situation, on the further strengthening of the relations of friendship, alliance and mutual aid between the U.S.S.R. and the Chinese Peoples Republic, as well as on questions of joint struggle for a peaceful solution of international problems and in defence of world peace. They recorded full agreement in their views.

The two parties agreed that the Soviet Union and China, together with the other countries in the Socialist camp, and all other peace loving countries and people, have achieved great successes in the struggle for the easing of international tension and the maintenance of peace.

India, Indonesia, the United Arab Republic and other countries and people of Asia, Africa, America and Europe, who uphold peaceful coexistence, are playing an ever more important part in consolidating peace.

Raps U.S. Obstruction

Contrary to the above clear-cut and unalterable policy which is in the vital interests of the peoples of our countries, as well as of those of the other countries of the world, the aggressive imperialist bloc headed by the U.S. monopoly groups persistently opposes peaceful coexistance and cooperation, stubbornly refuses to ease international tension, obstructs a meeting of the heads of government of the big powers, and steps up preparations for a new war and threatens peace and the security of peoples.

The imperialist forces have knocked together aggressive military and political blocs, and are interfering more and more rudely in the internal affairs of other countries.

The recent armed aggression carried out by the U.S. and Britain against the Lebanon and Jordan, and the armed threat they pose against the Republic of Iraq and the United Arab Republic have greatly aggravated tension in the Near and Middle East and the danger of war. They have aroused the protest, and condemnation of all peoples of the world.

China and the Soviet Union sternly denounce the flagrant aggression carried out by the U.S. and Britain in the Near and Middle East. They firmly maintain that a conference of the heads of government of the big powers should be called at once to discuss the situation in the Near and Middle East, and resolutely demand that the U.S. and Britain withdraw their forces immediately from the Lebanon and Jordan.

China and the Soviet Union give firm support to the just struggles of the peoples of the United Arab Republic, the Republic of Iraq and the other Arab countries, as well as to the national independence movements of the peoples in Asia, Africa and Latin America.

The events in the Near and Middle East and other parts of the world prove that the national liberation movement is an irresistible trend, that the age of colonialism is gone forever, and that any attempt to maintain or restore colonial rule in contravention of the trend of history, is detrimental to the cause of peace and is doomed to failure.

The two parties exchanged views fully on the series of major questions confronting the two countries, Asia, and Europe in the present international situation, and reached unanimous agreement on measures to be taken to oppose aggression and safeguard peace.

China and the Soviet Union will continue to do their ut-

(Continued on Page 3, Col. 6)

Less Chance Seen for Parley Within UN Council Framework

Immediate reaction in the Western capitals to the Peking communique was that Premier Khrushchev will now not accept the Western proposal, but would return to his original suggestion for a Middle East conference outside the Security Council.

Under that plan, the parley would be attended by the U.S., the Soviet Union, Britain, France, and India. China was believed to be cool to the idea of a Security Council meeting as Nationalist China is a member, and Mr. Khrushchev might find himself sitting at the same table as Gen. Chiang Kai-shek.

Observers in London pointed out that while Mr. Khrushchev had taken the "soft" line of calling for summit conferences, the Chinese leadership was stated to hold the "hard" view that accommodation with the capitalist West was impossible, and that the world, therefore, was in for a period of cold war, and, perhaps, even of a shooting war.

Tougher Soviet Line

Reaction among official quarters in both London and Washington was that there would be a toughening of Russia's attitude in the pre-summit negotiations.

President Eisenhower and Secretary of State Dulles met at the White House Sunday afternoon in advance of the Secretary's departure for Brazil. While the announced purpose of the meeting was to discuss Mr. Dulles' tour, it was considered unavoidable for them also to take up the surprise meeting in Peking. A State Department official said no immediate comment on the joint Communist communique was planned.

Preparations continued in Washington and London for a summit session, and officials awaited a reply from Mr. Khrushchev to the Anglo-American proposal for talks in the Security Council on or about August 12.

(UPI, Reuter)

U.K. Stops Airlift Across Israel

AMMAN (Reuter).—British military sources here said on Sunday night that the supply airlift to British troops in Amman across Israel from Cyprus had been suspended.

The sources did not explain why, but it is understood the Israel Government has raised new objections to the British flying over their territory.

U.K. Troops Not Seen Moving to Akaba

Jerusalem Post Reporter

EILAT. — There is no evidence of any British troop movements towards Akaba despite the enormous expansion of port activity there over the past few days.

There are now two 17,000-ton tankers, and two 4,000-6,000-ton tankers discharging fuel to the waiting tanker trucks on shore. There are also two 10,000-ton merchantmen and one of 5,000 tons in the harbour.

The 20 soldiers of the British supply unit across the Gulf from here spend the mornings bathing in the Red Sea, but no Union Jacks have been raised in the area, although two rows of tents have recently been put up adjoining the Akaba air strip.

'Israel to March If Hussein Falls'

LONDON (UPI). — Reliable diplomatic sources here claim that Israel has informed the British Government that its armed forces would march into Jordan if King Hussein's regime were overthrown.

Britain is not too hopeful as to what may be achieved at the forthcoming summit meeting and doubts whether any easing of the threat to the Jordan regime will result from it, even if the neutralization of Lebanon is agreed on.

In such a case, and if Hussein falls, the British believe that Israel will march towards the Jordan River and also assume that Iraq will then open operations against Israel.

Nkrumah in London

LONDON (Reuter). — The Prime Minister of Ghana, Dr. Kwame Nkrumah, arrived in London by air from New York on Sunday.

His engagements include a short meeting with Soviet Ambassador Jakob Malik, lunch with Premier Macmillan and an audience with the Queen.

U.K. Irked at de Gaulle, But Fears He is Right About Summit

By GERDA L. COHEN, Jerusalem Post Correspondent

LONDON. — Whitehall's impatience with Premier Charles de Gaulle has not been lessened any by the fear that his objections to holding a summit meeting in the framework of the Security Council may prove to be completely justified.

Despite the repeated hints of French irritation with the two Western allies, Gen. de Gaulle's open disregard of Secretary of State Dulles' wishes as to the summit meeting came as a shock.

Diplomatic circles here believe that France is actuated by her desire to rebuild her political influence, and also to keep the Algerian problem off the summit agenda, as the Arab representatives at the talks would most likely grasp at the opportunity to attack French policy there.

Too Many Snags

The multi-national summit meeting favoured by Britain and the U.S. now seems to face too many difficulties for a constructive outcome, whereas a smaller conference along the lines proposed by de Gaulle might succeed in getting the East and West to discuss the Middle East without need for Cold War posturings.

The flood of claims for invitations to the summit meeting is also posing many problems: The British Government is discounting the possibility of Israel's participation in such a meeting.

The U.S. attitude, of having reluctantly agreed to talks in order to please Prime Minister Macmillan, has vexed all shades of opinion here, with the popular press taking it as an affront to British prestige, while more serious comment discerns an American need to blame anyone rather than their own indecision.

The renewed flow of American Marine reinforcements to Lebanon has been welcomed by Tory commentators as a sign that the U.S. will not leave the British paratroops in Amman to remain alone, although the Commander of the American forces in the Lebanon, Admiral Holloway, has denied that there was any particular significance to the step.

The problem of how to secure a dignified evacuation of the British paratroops from Jordan without giving the signal for the overthrow of King Hussein, is one that Britain hopes to solve through the Security Council summit meeting, and a request for another UNEF.

Belgrade Sees Big Drive Against Tito

BELGRADE (Reuter). — The Sino-Soviet call for an "uncompromising struggle" against the Tito regime was viewed by observers here as a warning that the anti-Yugoslav campaign would be reactivated when the Middle East crisis dies down.

Yugoslavs saw the communique as a sharp reminder that further and even sharper attacks on "Titoism" could be expected in the near future.

Many Yugoslavs believe China has instigated much of the campaign, and one theory is that the call for an "uncompromising struggle" was written into the communique at China's insistence in return for Chinese support on other issues.

Persians Irked At 'Arab Gulf'

TEHERAN (Reuter). — Persian newspapers on Sunday protested against the new Iraqi regime's decision to rename the Persian Gulf "the Arab Gulf."

TONIGHT AT 8.30 ON KOL YISRAEL
bible quiz
CONTEST
The National Finals for the selection of the Israel Representative at the International Contest will be relayed in entirety from the Mann Auditorium, Tel Aviv.
★
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Social & Personal

M. Andre Blumel, President of the French Zionist Federation, was on Sunday night tendered a reception by the Jewish Agency Executive at Beit Shalom, Jerusalem. He was greeted by Dr. Nahum Goldmann, chairman of the Executive and President of the World Zionist Organization.

Dr. Y. Weniger, El Al's Commercial Representative in Italy, has been awarded the "Commendatore dell'ordine al merito della Repubblica Italiana" — an Order of Merit presented by the President of Italy, in recognition of his important contribution to the development of economic ties between Italy and Israel. Dr. Weniger has been active in expanding tourist traffic between the two countries.

Dr. Harris J. Levine, National Chairman of the Jewish National Fund in the U.S., was the guest of Z.O.A. House on Sunday.

Z.O.A. House Praises Work of U.S. Attache

Jerusalem Post Bureau

TEL AVIV. — The director of the U.S. Information Service in Israel, Mr. Fitzhugh Green, who is scheduled to leave shortly upon the completion of his tour of duty, was cited for "his significant role in fostering closer ties between the peoples of America and Israel" by the Z.O.A. House Director, Mr. Elias M. Epstein, at a programme on Thursday. Later the House presented Mr. Green with a farewell gift.

Mr. Epstein paid tribute to Mr. Green when introducing a lecture in the "Americans on America" series presented by Z.O.A. House. The lecture, on "The Negro Contribution to American Culture," was given by Mrs. Vivian Mason who is a former President of the National Council of Negro Women of the U.S.

Mrs. Mason told the audience that the Supreme Court ruling granting Negroes full and equal education in U.S. schools was more than a significant decision affecting Negroes. "It was equally significant for Americans as a whole," she said, "since it once again clearly placed the U.S. on the side of democracy and rejected fascism."

Journalist's Daughter Dies of Tetanus

Noa Tan-Pai, 12, was laid to rest in Har Menuhot cemetery in Jerusalem on Sunday afternoon. She died late Saturday night of tetanus infection incurred ten days earlier during a trip to Kfar Vitkin.

She was scratched by thorns on the trip, and the wounds did not appear serious. A few days later when she attended the Scouts' Jamboree in Haifa, she was taken ill and had to return home. Her illness was diagnosed as tetanus and although she was immediately taken to hospital all efforts to save her proved fruitless.

Her father is Mr. Yehoshua Tan-Pai, of the editorial staff of "Ha'aretz," and Vice-Chairman of the Jerusalem Journalists Association.

The funeral was attended by Mr. Zalman Aranne, Minister of Education and Culture; Mr. G. Schocken, editor of "Ha'aretz;" Jerusalem journalists, her teachers and members of her Scout troup.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Meyer, Jaffa, opp. Sansour Bldg. 4192.

TEL AVIV: Marpe, 77 Allenby, 4357. Moskovitz, 25 King George, 62650. Kiteivitz, 22 Hayarkon, 3566. Hakirya, 19 Ibn Gabirol, 26686. Merkaz Hatsafon, 200 Ben Yehuda, 22923. Tamar, Hatikva Qtr.. JAFFA: Versano, Rehov 340, near the Clock. RAMAT GAN: Amit, 130 Modi'in, 72954. PETAH TIKVA: Kovo, 2 Pinsker. REHOVOT: Levinsky, 170 Herzl, 95_1091. RISHON: Maial. HOLON: Ribak, Kikar Struma. NATANYA: Natanya.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. G. Kress, 27 Gaza, 3060. Dr. S. Sakarel, 8 Beit-El, Nahlat Zion. Dr. Y. Shor, 45 Rashi. Dr. Hameiri-Singer, 71 Bethlehem, 61457. For Kupat Holim Klalit members, the Ben Yehuda and German Colony clinics are open till midnight.

TEL AVIV: Dr. Y. Har-Even, 26 Sheinkin, 26411. HOLON: Dr. Miriam Dokor, Tel Gibborim, Shikun Amami 12a.

LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post
August 4, 1958

In the Tribunal of the National Insurance Institute, Haifa

Before Dr. J. Levin; Mr. Joel Solomon, advocate, and Mr. Buniak.

Mendel Proser v. The National Insurance Institute.

National Insurance Tribunal Criticises Institute

The Haifa National Insurance Institute Tribunal allowed a claim against the local office of the Institute for payment for injuries resulting from a work accident, which injuries the office denied had arisen from the accident.

Mendel Proser, an employee at the Kaiser-Fraser factory, was injured in a work accident in October, 1954. The National Insurance Institute recognised the accident as a work accident and paid him for the two weeks he was absent from work. He continued suffering from severe pains in the back and hips for about two years, necessitating periodic absences from work. The doctors who treated him were unable to diagnose his complaint until, in June, 1956, he was operated on, as a result of which it was established that he had been suffering from a traumatic rupture of an intervertebral disc (a rupture caused by some form of external violence).

In the light of the fact that his Kupat Holim cards indicated that he had suffered from no spinal complaint before October, 1954, and of the fact that the surgeons who performed the operation were of the opinion that the rupture had been definitely caused by some form of trauma, they certified that it had been caused by the work accident. The Haifa office of the National Insurance Institute refused to accept this opinion, contending that Proser's condition resulted from a degenerative condition of the spine.

Proser thereupon applied to the Haifa National Insurance Tribunal for redress.

Mr. J. Sha'anan appeared for Proser and Mr. Bibero for the National Insurance Institute.

Judgment

The Tribunal, after a detailed analysis of the medical and other evidence produced by plaintiff's Counsel, held that they were completely satisfied that the plaintiff's condition arose from the work accident which had been recognized as such by the National Insurance Institute. However, they continued, the representative of the latter had not been equally satisfied and had brought other medical evidence to refute that of the plaintiff's doctors.

This evidence, the Tribunal continued, consisted of the testimony of two doctors who, it appeared during the course of cross-examination, had never been informed by the defendant of the fact that the plaintiff had suffered an accident and that he had undergone an operation which showed he suffered from a ruptured disc, and whose testimony was consequently valueless. In addition, the defendant's Counsel had brought Dr. Steiner of the Rambam Hospital, who had never examined the plaintiff, to testify to the theory that there is no scientific way of establishing whether a ruptured disc in a man over the age of 30 was caused by some form of trauma or not, since at that age degeneration could account for the rupture, without the need for any traumatic factor.

Theory Untested

It is interesting to note, the Tribunal continued, that the defendant's Counsel had not attempted to try out this theory on the doctors who had testified on the plaintiff's behalf, confining himself to Dr. Steiner's opinion.

The Tribunal then analysed Dr. Steiner's testimony in detail, pointing out that he had given the opinion that the rupture to the plaintiff's intervertebral disc could have occurred even without the work accident and even if the plaintiff had done work of a much lighter nature because of the degenerative process resulting from age and natural wear and tear, as the accepted opinion of modern orthopaedic science, backing it up with quotations from scientific authorities which gave the impression that any school of thought which recognized trauma as a factor in cases of ruptured discs in persons above the age of 30 is completely outdated.

But, the Tribunal continued, the plaintiff's Counsel had fortunately gone to a great deal of trouble to trace the original sources of these quotations and had done a lot of research on his own account, and when Dr. Steiner was presented with these, he was forced to admit that trauma is recognized by modern authorities as one of the agents responsible for disc rupture and further that the plaintiff's degenerative state might have been no more serious than that of persons of his age and might have been aggravated or accelerated by the accident.

The Tribunal, they continued, were grateful to Counsel, Mr. Sha'anan, for preventing them from being misled by a so-called expert, and particularly for saving them from giving an erroneous leading decision on a question which often comes up before National Insurance Tribunals.

They then went on to castigate the Institute which, they said, had at its disposal a consultant physician and has access to first-class medical opinion without any financial considerations — in contradistinction to the insured worker who, in fighting for his rights, has generally not the means or facilities to engage a lawyer of Mr. Sha'anan's professional standing—but which had elected to use such reprehensible methods in order to obtain a leading judgment which might be used against other insured workers suffering from traumatic ruptures of intervertebral discs.

The Institute, they continued, had chosen to ignore the findings of the expert surgeons who had operated on the plaintiff although they had called on those same experts to testify on their behalf in numerous other cases when it had been to their advantage to do so, and had chosen further to ignore the recommendations of an advisory committee, appointed at their own initiative, which, after hearing the evidence of the plaintiff's surgeons and physicians and the Institute's consultant physician in four separate sittings, and after studying his medical records, had unanimously decided to recommend that the plaintiff's claim be accepted.

The Tribunal then criticised the fact that Counsel for the defence, Mr. Bibero, had attempted to hold up proceedings still further, after the failure of Dr. Steiner's evidence, by asking for permission to bring another expert from Tel Aviv — which permission had naturally been denied him; and the fact that he had approached the plaintiff directly, behind his Counsel's back, for additional evidence in the form of X-ray photographs, which conduct, the Tribunal held, is professionally unethical.

Ambition and Waste

In conclusion the Tribunal expressed its strong disapproval of the ambitious and wasteful attitude adopted by the Haifa branch of the Institute at the expense of public funds — which attitude they said they had encountered on many occasions — and recommended that the Director of the Institute prevent the recurrence of such exhibitions. Furthermore, they continued, the public good demanded that the State Controller institute an investigation.

As to Dr. Steiner, the Tribunal held that his attempts to mislead them had been frustrated only by the efforts of Mr. Sha'anan and that he had displayed a total lack of professional integrity. They forbade the Institute to bring him again as an expert witness, lest the Institute be regarded as a party to his methods.

The Tribunal held that the work accident in which the plaintiff had been involved in October, 1954, had caused the traumatic rupture of the disc and his consequent impaired working capacity, and that the National Insurance Institute should therefore make him the appropriate payments and bring him before a medical board for the degree of his invalidity to be established.

The Tribunal held further that, in the circumstances of the case, they considered it appropriate to impose costs on the defendant which would cover all the plaintiff's expenses, estimating these at IL350.

Judgment given on July 22, 1958.

50 URBAN BUS stations, all having roofs to shelter passengers from the sun, have been set up or renovated in the past few weeks by Jerusalem's Hamekasher bus cooperative. Another five are to be erected in the near future.

U.S. Teenagers At Goldstein Village

Jerusalem Post Reporter

An unusual experiment in exposing 20 American boys and girls, aged 13-17, to Zionism and in deepening their feeling of Jewish consciousness is now taking place at the Israel Goldstein Village of Hanoar Hatzioni in the Katamon quarter of Jerusalem.

The group arrived by air one month ago to spend their summer vacations.

Before letting their children go, their parents, who paid about $1,100 for expenses on the seven-week tour, expressly stipulated that the "youngsters would not be set to work." Last week, however, the group petitioned the Village's Director, Mr. Ze'ev Shickler, to "be set to work," feeling that their inactivity spoiled their relationship with the other youth groups with whom they were thrown in daily contact. These groups included 60 youths here on a tour sponsored by the Jewish Agency, 100 local children from Tel Aviv, and 40 immigrant children.

Despite their youth, it seems, none of the group has displayed any overwhelming problems of homesickness. Not so their parents, who inundate them with letters and phone calls (one day last week there were four New York to Jerusalem phone calls) in reaction to every little flare-up in the Middle East.

Surprisingly, although few of the group are orthodox, most of them have expressed a desire to hold services on Friday evenings and on Saturdays, or to attend services in nearby synagogues. Two of the boys have had their *bar mitsva* in Jerusalem.

Supervising the group are Rabbi Sidney Shanker, of New Jersey; Messrs. Jonathan Levin and Stephen Blum, and Miss Pearl Ann Mendelowitz, of New York. It came to Israel under the auspices of the newly-formed American Jewish League for Israel. The moving spirits behind the trip were Judge Louis E. Levinthal, and Messrs. Israel Goldstein, Ezra Shapiro, Sam Rothberg and Jacob M. Alkow.

Tiberias Prepares Water Festival

Ballet on a floating stage on Lake Kinneret will be seen at the "Kinneret Festival" to open on September 29, in Tiberias. An extensive programme, including folk dancing, a cross-Kinneret swimming contest with 70 contestants from here and abroad, water polo tournament and a beach-wear parade, will be presented.

Where to go

• **Meet the Israeli** — Tourists invited to meet Israelis at home. Information at Government Tourist Office, Jerusalem, Tel Aviv, Haifa.

JERUSALEM

• **Zoo**:— Jerusalem Biblical Zoo, 8.30-5.

• **Exhibitions**: — New Exhibition: 10 years of archaeological activities, 1948-1958, Department of Antiquities, 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech, 9-1, 3-5.

Showing Israel's creativity through its best artists and craftsmen, whose work is sold by Bonniers and by Georg Jensen, Inc., of New York. Menorot, Mezuzot, and Kiddush cups in contemporary idiom. Rina Gallery, 13 Shlomsion Hamalka, entrance via Rehov Yanai, Tel. 5910.

Abraham Yaskiel, pen and ink drawings. Artists' House, 10-1, 4-7.

New exhibition of Students' Work: paintings, graphics, metal work, textiles. New Bezalel School, 10-1, 3.30-6.

1. Two Thousand Years of Jewish Art. 2. Ancient Sites of Rome and Other Famous Etchings by G.B. Piranesi. Ancient pottery, glass and textiles from various civilizations. Preview of Primitive Sculpture, Bezalel National Museum, 9-1, 3.30-6.

• **Tours**: — Spend a morning with Hadassah on a conducted tour starting at 9 a.m. Book for this tour by phoning 4061, Hadassah Club: Straus Health Centre.

Hebrew University Conducted tours, daily, every hour on the hour, 9-1; 3-6. New University Campus. Every Tuesday leaving Administration Bldg. 11 a.m., a visit to Hebrew University Hadassah Medical School in Ein Karem. Phone (until Monday) 62980 for bookings.

• **Israel Exhibition**: — Binyanei Ha'ooma, 10 a.m.–10 p.m.

• **Lecture**:— Rav Aluf Makleff, General Manager of the Dead Sea Works, speaks about the Enterprise. Introduction: F. Yuden. Beeri Club, 9 Rehov Alharizi. 9.

• **Music**:— An evening of Oriental Folklore and Music. Exhibition Studio, 8.15 p.m.

TEL AVIV

• **Entertainment**: — Italian specialities Lunch, Dinner Luky's Bar Restaurant, 3 Allenby Rd., First class Italian menu at IL 5; Phone 23752.

• **Exhibitions**: — "Nine Generations of American Paintings," Tel Aviv Museum, 10-4.

Union of Israel Painters and Sculptors, 26th annual exhibition. Beit Hamlin, 26 Rehov Weizmann and at Artists Pavilion, 9 Rehov Alharizi, 10-1, 4-7.

"Wizo on View," Wizo Tourist Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon, 9-3.

• **Tourist Service**:— Visit Hadassah Club, 80 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 28239. Wizo Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon.

• **Z.O.A. House**:— Jazz Club: Lecture by George Goldstein on "Jazz in our Time," 8.30

• **Theatre**:— Piccoli, Peer Cinema, 4.30 and 8.30.

HAIFA

• **Tourist Service**:— Visit Hadassah Club, 17 Rehov Yerushalayim, Tel. 4876.

BEERSHEBA

• **Theatre**:— Benzion Witler, Shifra Lerer in Yiddish Play: "Der Verfishte Narr." Keren, 8.45.

KIBBUTZ MERHAVIA

• **Exhibition**: — Nat Suffrin, Photo Exhibition, 9.30—11.30 a.m.

Lebanon's President-Elect

By GIDEON WEIGERT

Jerusalem Post Reporter



General Fuad Shehab, Lebanon's newly elected president, has had a long military-political career. A member of a distinguished Christian Lebanese family, General Shehab was born at Azir village, 23 miles north of Beirut, and was educated at a Christian Mission School. He later attended Damascus Military School and in 1938, the Ecole Superieure de Guerre in Paris, winning a second lieutenant's commission in the French Army.

By 1943 Shehab had reached the rank of General, and with the Orient forces that he had organised, fought on the Allied side in Libya, Italy and France. In 1945, control of the Orient Army passed to the Lebanese Government, and Shehab was appointed as Commander in Chief, a post he has held ever since.

General Shehab's election as President is not, however, his first political position. In 1952, he was Premier of the Lebanese interim Government and Minister of Defence and Interior. In 1956, in the government of Sami Solh, the present Premier, Shehab was again in the Cabinet, holding the Defence portfolio.

Other distinguished members of the Shehab family include the former Lebanese Premier Emir Khaled Shehab (1938 and 1952-3) and the well-known Lebanese archaeologist and historian Emir Maurice.

Bus Co-ops Feud Over Adulam Concession

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Egged and Hamekasher have been engaging in the past few weeks in a tug-of-war for the sole right to send buses to the development region of Adulam in the Jerusalem Corridor.

At present, both cooperatives are sending buses to the region's four settlements. Since the settlements have only recently been established, there are not enough passengers to even support one regular route. The buses of both cooperatives travel back and forth with almost no passengers.

Both bus services arrive and leave the settlements at almost the same time — the one arriving first getting all the passengers.

Both cooperatives told *The Jerusalem Post* yesterday that they were "first" in the area and that they would not relinquish their rights to the other cooperative.

French Sailors May Remain Without Visas

French sailors passing through Israel to join their ships in another country may remain in Israel for a certain period without a visa if they have their seamen's papers stamped accordingly. An order to this effect was gazetted in *Reshumot* on Thursday, by the Minister of Interior, after consultation with the Knesset Interior Committee.

This facility has been agreed to by Israel and France and applies equally to Israel sailors passing through France *en route* to their ships.

The new order expands to French sailors even if their ships are not anchored here.

Suspended Sentences For Opposing Police

REHOVOT. — Eleven employees of the Jewish Agency warehouses in Tzrifin were on Thursday given suspended sentences of various length and fined between IL50 to IL800 for opposing police efforts to maintain order in the warehouse area.

The incident occurred last March when the warehouse management attempted to transfer several of its mobile cranes to the Isasbest Company in Nahariya. The employees opposed to move fearing that it presaged dismissal of workers at the Tzrifin warehouse. They continued in their opposition even after police arrived.

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
522, 249, 33.3 & 41.7 M.

News: Hebrew: 6.35, 7.00 & 7.58 a.m. 1.30, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00 and 11.00 p.m.

English: 1.45 p.m. French: 2.00 p.m.

6.30 a.m. Service (R). 6.37 Calisthenics. 6.47 Musical Clock (R).

11.00 a.m. Daily Broadcast from Asor Exhibition. 12.00 Lunch-time Music — Nelson Eddy & Jeanette MacDonald (Vocalists). 12.50 Military Bands. 1.20 Reginald Dixon (Organ).

4.30 News in English, Swedish & Spanish. 5.05 Popular Songs & Melodies. 5.45 Children's Corner. 6.00 Youth Corner. 6.30 "Ron Ami." 6.45 Research in the Negev. 7.17 We Present Tonight. 7.20 At the Cinema. 7.40 Sephardic Tunes. 8.00 Farmer's Corner. 8.20 Light Music. 8.30 The Bible Quiz—Relay from Heichal Tarbut, T.A. 9.10 Political Commentary. 9.15 The Bible Quiz (contd.)

SECOND PROGRAMME
422, 469, 292.7, 41.7 & 33.3 M.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 6.00 Tunes of the Nations. 6.20 Chamber Music — Quintet in A for Piano & Strings op.81 (Dvorak). 7.00 French. 7.30 Yiddish. 8.00 Yemenite. 8.15 News in Easy Hebrew. 8.30 Ladino. 9.00 News (1st Programme). 9.15 Rumanian. 9.30 Hungarian. 9.45 Polish. 10.00 News in English.

ARABIC PROGRAMME
497 & 41.67 M.

Arabic Programme (including News): 6.30—7.15 a.m., 1.15—2.15 and 5.30—9.45 p.m. 5.15 p.m. Persian.

KOL ZION LAGOLA (33.3 M.): Programme to South Africa: 6.30 News. 6.40 "Kol Zion Correspondents Report." 6.50 Tune of the Week. 6.55 "From the Federation."

Programme to the U.K.: 11.15 News. 11.25 "Kol Zion Correspondents Report." 11.35 From Asor Exhibition: "Isaiah" (Tansman).

ARMY PROGRAMME (48.4, 216, 225 & 235 M.): 6.30 Opening. 6.33 Requests for Hebrew Songs. 7.00 News. 7.10 "On Drivers and Pedestrians." 7.30 Light Music. 8.00 In the Arab World. 8.15 Musical Quiz. 9.00 News. 9.15 Weekly Concert: Works by Berlioz, Schumann & Dvorak.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (13.80, 16.84 & 24.80): 7.15-7.45 p.m. News. News Talk. Arts Chronicle.

CYPRUS BROADCASTING SERVICE — English Programme (434 & 495 M.): 12.30 Midday Melodies. 4.30 Teatime Music.

CHAMBER OF SHIPPING — BULLETIN No. 37

Ships in Israel Ports between 31.7.58—3.8.1958.

HAIFA.

Ship.	Flag.	Cargo discharged.	Cargo Loaded.
Gabbiano	Italian	10,125 t. wheat	
Marmara	Turkish	passengers	136 t. generals.
C Madre	Italian	540 t. generals	
Exermont	U.S.A.	450 t. generals	120 t. generals.
Vingaland	Swedish	400 t. generals	100 t. generals.
E. Parodi	Italian		10,000 t. Cement.
Etrog	Israel	970 t. generals	
F. Bohmer	Dutch	500 t. carobs	300 t. plywood, glass
Har Tabor	Israel	waiting for silo berth	
Israel	Israel	passengers & generals	

Ships Laid up — all Israel: Aliya, Dvora, A. Graetz, Tel Aviv
Dead Weight — 35,805 tons.

Total cargo discharged since 1.1.58 — 810,223 tons
Total cargo loaded — 198,107 tons
Total cargo discharged & loaded — 1,254,852 tons

TEL AVIV-JAFFA.

Ship.	Flag.	Cargo discharged.
Etrog	Israel	1,100 generals
R. Borchard	British	1,380 iron, generals
Israel	Israel	400 generals
Vingaland	Swedish	1,300 generals, iron
Vasaland	Swedish	361 generals
Aeneas	Dutch	140 generals

Total cargo discharged since 1.1.58 — 142,200 tons.

Sea Being Polluted by Radioactive Wastes

MOSCOW, (UPI). — A Russian scientist warned on Friday that dumping of radioactive wastes in the ocean — already being done on a small scale by Britain — may some day contaminate the plants, fish and mammals of the sea and, through them, man himself.

The warning came in a lecture by Soviet oceanographer, Mr. Lev Zenkevitch, to the International Geophysical Year assembly.

Mr. Zenkevitch disputed the theory that radioactive industrial waste can be safely lowered into currentless holes in the ocean bed. The six-mile-deep "Tonga" trench in the North Pacific had been suggested as a good place.

"Radioactive compounds of waste materials buried in deep water trenches and turning into solutions would unavoidably be carried to surface layers of the ocean within the range of economic activity of man, where sooner or later they will come into the organism of plants and animals, fish and mammals," he said.

Cinemas

JERUSALEM

ARNON: A Hill in Korea.
EDEN: Seven Hills of Rome.
TEL OR: Ich Und Meine Frau.
ORION: Till Eulenspiegel, Mats.: 10.30; The Flying Pony.
ORNA: The Three Faces of Eve.
RON: Monsieur la Caille.
OR GIL: Antoine et Antoinette. Mats.: 10.30 and 3.30; 1. Ed. Murrow's: Israel and Egypt (Ben-Gurion and Abdul Nasser); 2. Black Shield of Falworth.
ZION: The Tin Star.
EDISON: Samson and the Philistines.
STUDIO: Anastasia.

TEL AVIV

ALLENBY: Beyond Mombasa.
ARMON DAVID: Der Schoenste Tag Meines Lebens.
CHEN: Witness for the Prosecution.
DAN: Le cas du Dr. Laurent.
EDEN: The Unforgettable Melody (Arabic).
ESTHER: Don't Go Near the Water.
GAT: Up in the World.
MAXIM: The Sharkfighters.
MIGDALOR: John and Julie.
MOGRABI: Der 10 Mai.
OPHIR: Monika.
ORION: Die Unentschuldigte Stunde.
PARIS: ANGST.
PEER: Piccoli Puppet Theatre.
SHDEROTH: The Pajama Game.
TAMAR: La Mome Pigalle.
TCHELET: Fruchlingsstimmen.
TEL AVIV: The Young Lions (3.15, 6.45 and 9.30).
YARON: Arsène Lupin — Gentleman Burglar (French).
ZAMIR: Wedding Party.
ZAFON: Des gens sans importance.

HAIFA

MORIAH: Ihr Leibhusar.
ARMON: Le grand bluff.
EN DOR: The Tall T.
ORLY: Piroschka. Mats. at 4: Odongo.
AMPHITHEATRE: The Long, Hot Summer.
ORAH: The World Cup Football Finals — Stockholm 1958.
GAL OR: Hans Christian Andersen.
ORION: Futures Vedettes. Mats.: (from 10 a.m.): Quebec.
ATZMON: A Man is Ten Feet Tall. Mats. (at 5.15): Hop O'My Thumb (Hebrew).
PEER: A King in New York.
MAY: The Rainmaker.

Tel Aviv Stock Market

AUGUST 3, 1958

Pop Loan 1949/69 (TL30)	99¼
6% Comp. Loan 58/67	71
Pal. Bearer Bds. Ser. 1	102½
5½% Comp. Loan	62½
5½% War Loan 54/60	95
5½% Tavel Dollar z)	92½
6% Reg Sterling "A"	95½
Def. Loan Bonds 6½% f)	102½
6½% Def. Bonds f)	103
6½% Def. Bonds g)	106½
6½% Loc. G. Debs. f)	103½
6½% Loc. G. Debs. g)	105
Pal. Elec. pref. sh. (Ldn.)	230½
6½% Bonds f)	104
ditto g)	114½
Keren Hayesod	
6½% Deb. 58/65 f)	108½
ditto g)	108½
6% Deb. 59/6. f)	100½
ditto g)	103½
Igroth 6½% Deb. 58/65	105
Rassco 6½% Deb. 58/6.	
Class "A" f)	101½
Class "B" g)	110½
Bk. Leumi ord. sh.	148½
Bearer Savings Cert. '59	94½
Bk. Leumi Investment	
Ord. sh. 'B' reg.	100
Ata ord. 'B' sh.	87
"Kurdaneh" ord. 'B'	87
7% con. debs. 59/68	87½
"Teva" ord. sh.	80½
Pal. Cold St. ord sh. reg.	140
Pass 4% debs. 40/64 reg.	83½
Bizur 4% debs. 56/65	90
Nir 5% pref. sh.	88
Gen Mortg. Bk. ord. sh.	79½
Rassco 6% pref. ord. sh.	85½
I.L.D.C. ord. sh. reg.	81½
5% debs	77
Afr. Pal. Inv. ord. sh.	59½
Moller ord. sh. reg.	1105
Pal. Brewery 8% con. debs.	84
Assis Bejarano "B" sh	71
Nesher 6% debs "A" 55/64	117
Pal. Potash "A" ord. sh.	58½
Dead Sea Works	
5% Deb. reg.	214
Delek ord sh. "C"	82
Mekorot pref. sh.	80
Jordan Exploration Co.	
Ord. sh. reg.	59½

Notes: a) purchasing price; b) selling price; c) ex-coupon; d) ex-dividend; e) ex-right; f) linked with $; g) linked with c-o-l.

מס הכנסה

The Income Tax Commission Announces the merger of the following offices as of August 1, 1958: the Assessing Officer, Citrus House, Tel Aviv 1 (East) with that of the Assessing Officer, North Tel Aviv 6 at 27 Rehov Prof. Schorr, Tel Aviv.

The name of the merged office is Income Tax Tel Aviv 1.

As of the above date, all files of assessees previously in the two offices have been concentrated at the Income Tax Office Tel Aviv 1, the Assessing Department, Citrus House.

The Accounts, Collections and Administration Departments of the merged office are now located at 27 Rehov Prof. Schorr, Tel Aviv.

There are now Income Tax Collection Offices at both Citrus House, Tel Aviv 1, and at the Accounts, Collections and Administration Departments at 27 Rehov Prof. Schorr, Tel Aviv.

Letters to the merged offices should be addressed to: Income Tax, Tel Aviv 1, 27 Rehov Prof. Schorr, P.O.B.8049, Tel Aviv.

Telephones: The Income Tax Office, Tel Aviv 1, Assessing Department — 61071.

The Income Tax Office, Accounts, Collections and Administration Department — 28141.

Y. Salman
Assistant Income Tax Commissioner

Notices to the Public

The Customs and Excise Commissioner, Jerusalem
Tender No. 4/58

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the purchase of a Ford passenger car (with radio), seating capacity 1+4 persons, 1949 model.
2. The car may be inspected at the Customs Warehouse, Jerusalem Railway Station, from the date of publication of this notice and until August 20, 1958, between 8 a.m. — 12 noon daily.
3. Bids should be submitted in sealed envelopes and on the official forms which can be obtained from the Customs official in charge of the warehouse or at Room No. 34, the Commissioner for Customs and Excise, Nordiah Bldg., Jaffa Rd., Jerusalem.
4. The envelope should carry the number of the relevant tender.
5. Bids should be accompanied by a bank draft made out to the Customs and Excise Commissioner, Jerusalem, to the value of 10 per cent of the bid.
6. Bids should be placed in the Tender Box, Room No. 34, Nordiah Bldg.
7. The deadline for submitting bids is 12 noon, August 21, 1958.
8. Every bid submitted as above is binding on the bidder, and the enclosed bank draft is to guarantee the fulfilment of all the particulars and conditions of the bid. Failure to comply with the conditions of the bid will result in withdrawal of the guarantee.
9. The successful bidder will be required to remove the car from the warehouse within seven days from the date of acceptance of the bid.
10. The Customs Commissioner is not bound to accept the highest or any bid offered.

Y. FRANKEL,
Customs and Excise Commissioner, Jerusalem.

PASSENGER CAR FOR SALE
Ford-Consul, 1956 model, 14.5 HP, 31,000 kms. The car is registered abroad and the purchaser has to obtain the approval of the competent authorities for its transfer in his name.
The car may be inspected on Aug. 6 and 7, 1958, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m. Please contact Mr. J. Williams, El Al, Lydda Airport, Tel. 971041.

The Tel Aviv-Yaffo Municipality
Tender No. 312 Purchase of Beit Ha'am Plot
The deadline for entering bids for the above tender has been postponed to 12 noon, September 1, 1958.
HAIM LEVANON, Mayor.
August 1, 1958.

Der 10 Mai
A SWISS Forum Film now showing at the MOGRABI

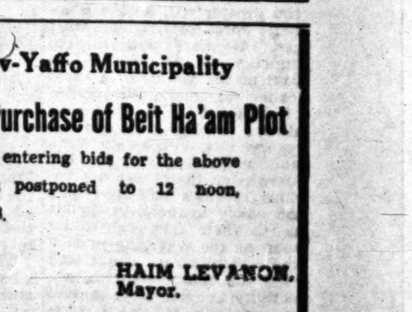
Urgently required:
1) Second-hand LATHE in working condition. Distance between centres min. 2m.
2) Second-hand Drilling Machine in working condition for drills up to 21 mm. (7/8")
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Thurs., Aug. 7 Sat., Aug. 9 Wed., Aug. 13
Premieres of
Nabucco (Nebuchadnezzar)
Opera in 4 acts by G. Verdi (Hebrew: A. Ashman)
with the participation of the guest singer
Edmund Herschl
(from the Vienna State Opera) as Nabucco
Stage Manager: EDIS DE PHILIPPE
Conductor: GEORGE SINGER
Tues., August 5, at 8 p.m. Tues., August 12, at 8 p.m. FAUST with Bernard Ladysz, Bogdan Paprocki, Guest Singers of the Warsaw Opera
Sun., Aug. 10, at 8.30 p.m. DON PASQUALE with Bogdan Paprocki
Monday, Aug. 11, at 8.30 p.m. FESTIVAL BALLET
Tickets at the box office (10-1; 4-8), Tel. 27760.

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From: August 10—12, 1958.
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Egged Tours, Jerusalem
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THE COOL HOUSE IN THE SHADY GARDEN.



Today's Postbag

The Weather

FORECAST: Partly cloudy becoming fair.

Weather Synopsis: Seasonal trough over the east Mediterranean causes a northwesterly flow in our region.

	*A	B	C	D
Mt. Cana'an	65	21	32	31
Tiberias	35	26	35	37
Haifa Port	66	26	31	30
Natanya	65	—	31	31
Tel Aviv Kirya	70	22	30	30
Tel Aviv Port	75	24	29	29
Lydda Airport	58	22	32	32
Jerusalem	40	21	30	29
Beersheba	37	21	35	35
Sdom	28	28	40	40
Eilat	31	22	41	40

*A) Humidity at 8 p.m. B) Minimum temp. yesterday. C) Maximum yesterday. D) Maximum temp expected today.

ARRIVALS

Dr. Louis Leiter, Chief of the Medical Division at Montefiore Hospital, N.Y.; Dr. Efraim Racker, Chief of the Division of Nutrition and Physiology, Public Health Research Institute of N.Y.; and Dr. Harry Zimmerman, Chief of the Laboratory Division of the Montefiore Hospital, and their ladies, to participate in the Medical Workshop of the Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School which is opening on Tuesday.

Sir Eric Errington, Conservative M.P., for a two-week visit as a guest of the Government, (on the s.s. Herzl).

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Weissman, of Wilkes Barre, Pennsylvania, to dedicate the swimming pool at the Youth Centre at Beersheba named for their parents, Charles and Fannie Weissman, (by Air France).

Mr. George G. Daniels, Associate-Editor of "Time" Magazine, to spend ten days of his vacation surveying Israel's economic problems, (by El Al).

Dr. Kalman J. Mann, Director General of the Hadassah Medical Organization, from Geneva, after participating in W.H.O. deliberations on the cost of medical care.

Dr. Peretz Yekutiel, of the Ministry of Health, now on loan to the International Health Organisation headquarters in Geneva, for consultations with the Ministry, (by T.W.A.).

Mr. S. Barkai, Manager of the Central Branch of the Workers' Bank, from Ghana, where he served as a special adviser on the establishment of cooperative banks, and from a business trip to Europe.

DEPARTURE.

Rabbi Menahem Porush, Political Secretary of Agudat Yisrael, for the U.S. and South America.

SEEDLINGS in pots are being sold at low prices by the Jerusalem Municipality and the Hovevei Yerushalayim in an effort to encourage residents to help beautify the city. The plants will be available from 4 p.m.-7 p.m. on Wednesday, August 6, at the Municipality Building on Jaffa Road.

• • •

A 128-PAGE booklet, listing Criminal Statistics for the years 1951-54, has been issued by the Central Bureau of Statistics.

• • •

THE GOVERNMENT Tourist Office has published in English, French and German an illustrated booklet entitled "My Winter in Israel." The booklet, of which 300,000 copies have been printed, is in the form of a letter from a girl spending her winter vacation in Israel.

• • •

OPTICIANS' offices in Tel Aviv, Jerusalem and Ramat Gan will be open only from 8 a.m. to 1 p.m. during the month of August.

Fraulein from Holon Sought by Interpol

TEL AVIV. — The police are searching for Marianne Fachner, the young German woman who was ordered to be deported by the Minister of Interior.

The woman, who is being sought by Interpol for various crimes committed abroad, resided for some time in Holon. Shortly after the deportation order was issued, however, she moved, leaving no trace of her whereabouts.

A police circular issued a few days ago describes her as slim, 170 cm. tall, with blue eyes, black hair and a light complexion. Another important identifying feature — she is usually accompanied by a black dog. (Itim)

Agency Income Short of Estimates

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Income of the Jewish Agency for the first four months of the fiscal year ending July fell short of the estimates by 20 per cent, Dr. Dov Joseph, the Agency's Treasurer, reported to Sunday's session of the Jewish Agency Executive. He said that special efforts would have to be made to make good the drop in the income of the fund drives in order to carry out this year's expenditure programme in full. This year's budget was set at IL211m.

Dr. Joseph did not suggest a cut in the budget, nor was this discussed by the Executive.

The Executive approved the creation of a IL500,000 fund this year to encourage middle-class immigration.

It also acceded to the request of Mr. Levi Eshkol, head of the Settlement Department, to distribute IL10m. for completing the consolidation of 70 agricultural settlements. Part of this sum will come from this year's budget and part from that of future years.

Preparations under way for the establishment of new settlements in Galilee in the near future were reported on by Mr. Eshkol.

A brief report on the world Jewish youth convention just ended was submitted to the Executive by Mr. Eliahu Dobkin, head of the Youth and Hehalutz Department. Dr. Nahum Goldmann, chairman of the Executive, spoke of the importance of the convention and expressed the Executive's appreciation to its organizer, the Youth and Hehalutz Department.

The proposed special $100m. investment fund of the Zionist movement was scheduled to be discussed at a late night session the same day.

Israel Student Abroad Comes Under Fire at World Congress

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Israel student abroad came in for some criticism at the second day of the Congress of the World Union of Jewish Students at the Hebrew University on Sunday. Often a target for attack, the Israel student was described both as "hard working" and as a "good-timer."

A South African delegate declared that "many Israel students abroad spend their spare time on pretty girls and night clubs, 'cheap ones of course,' instead of helping the cause of Zionism. He added, however, that the students were "only human like everyone else." The Israel Students Federation ought to inculcate in its members a sense of responsibility, he said. Another South African found Israel students in the Union to be cooperative in furthering Jewish activities.

"We Israelis regret seeing our students evading their duties," an Israel delegate declared. He suggested that the Jewish student organizations abroad report to the Israel body any cases of unbecoming behaviour by Israel students.

Swamped with Demands

Speaking from his own experience, he said that sometimes the trouble was that the Israel student abroad was either swamped with too many demands or was completely ignored. It should be borne in mind, he said, that they had only limited time abroad and wanted to make the most of it in study and in "getting around."

It all depended on the number of Israel students in a particular place, a U.S. delegate noted. In New York, there were "thousands," and they kept to themselves in a close group. But where there were only a few, such as in Texas, they integrated themselves into the Jewish community and were very active. The problem in the U.S. was serious, he said, and Israel students should undergo some preparation before leaving for abroad. Several speakers said they appreciated the difficulties involved and praised the Israel Federation for recognizing the existence of the problem.

The question is to be dealt with by the Congress committee on "Israel and the Diaspora."

There are now some 600,000 Jewish students throughout the world, a quarter of them behind the Iron Curtain, Mr. Uzi Bloch, Chairman of the Israel Federation, told the 80 delegates present. He said the World Union's three main planks were the deepening of Jewish and Israel consciousness through identification with Israel; raising the standards of the Union's activities, and the fostering of ethical and Jewish values among Jewish students.

The session was chiefly taken up with reports on the various countries represented. Several delegates called for more support by Jewish organizations. An Israel delegate wanted students to "take their activities into the streets to prevent domination by Natourei Karta circles." Activity by Jewish students among Afro-Asian students was urged by a delegate from England. He said that he had discovered by experience that this work made friends for Israel.

Night Session

A call to allow the Union to organize Jewish students behind the Iron Curtain was made by several speakers at the beginning of a night session devoted to this subject.

Friction occurred during the proceedings over the question of the language to be used at the Congress. It had been accepted that all those able to speak English should do so, in order that the largest number in the audience should be able to follow. An Israel delegate who preferred to speak Hebrew was prevented from talking by the chairman, a Swiss delegate, who claimed that the speaker was competent in English.

The Israeli, together with a preceding one, had decided to speak Hebrew after an Austrian delegate had spoken in German. With points of order being raised from all directions, the South African delegation threatened to walk out unless order was restored.

In a special recess, the steering committee decided that both English and Hebrew were the official languages of the Congress, but that delegates should try to keep to the former.

Jaffa Government Sharply Criticized

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The Local Council on Sunday rejected the opposition's proposal to abolish the Jaffa Administration. Discussion on the proposal wound up a prolonged debate during which Herut's control of the Administration came in for sharp criticism.

A second proposal to set up a public committee alongside the Jaffa Council was also rejected. The General Zionist faction opposed it, although individual members are known previously to have favoured it. Progressive Councillor A. Goldstein, who opposed the abolition, supported the committee proposal.

The Jaffa Administration had failed to provide genuine services for the residents; there was a dearth of schools, parks, kindergartens and health facilities in that town, Mrs. O. Kusmetal (Mapai) charged.

The Mayor reported that he had approached the Dan Bus Company with a demand to reduce the fumes from Diesel engines.

While the demolition and rebuilding of the Nordia Quarter, near Dizengoff Square, has been approved, no time-limit had been fixed by the construction contractors, it was reported. Councillor A. Kantor (Ahdut Avoda) drew attention to the prospect of temporary homelessness and called on the Municipality to assist families which had not yet signed a contract to replace their wooden huts with an apartment, because they did not have the money to pay for it.

KHRUSHCHEV

(Continued from Page One)

ment to work for the easing of international tension and prevention of a new world disaster.

The two parties reaffirmed that the right of every people to choose their own social and political system must be respected, that countries with different social systems must practise peaceful coexistence in accordance with the famous five principles which are widely accepted internationally, that all international disputes should be settled through peaceful negotiation, and that the development of economic and cultural relations among nations on the principles of mutual benefit and peaceful competition should be encouraged, as it will increase the mutual understanding between peoples and is in full accord with the aim of easing international tension and safeguarding peace.

In order to maintain and consolidate peace, the primary task at the moment is to bring about agreement among nations on the reduction of armaments, discontinuance of the testing of atomic and hydrogen weapons and prohibition of their use, elimination of all military blocs and all military bases on foreign soil, and the conclusion of pacts of peace and collective security.

But whether war can be avoided does not rest with the goodwill one-sided efforts of the peace-loving peoples alone.

The two countries will wage an uncompromising struggle against revisionism, the chief danger in the Communist movement, which is clearly manifested in the programme of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia.

Thousands Turn to Prophet Elijah for Consolation

By YA'ACOV FRIEDLER, Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — Thousands of persons, from babes in arms to ancient patriarchs — the majority of them of the Sephardi community — made the annual "Consolation Pilgrimage" to the Cave of the Prophet Elijah, on Mt. Carmel on Sunday (yesterday).

The pilgrims brought with them foods and sweetmeats for the holiday, alms for the many beggars who crowded the 128 steps of the ascent, and their sick and invalids to pray for recovery and consolation during the year. According to tradition, yesterday, the first day after the Sabbath of Consolation (Isaiah 40) is the day when the Prophet Elijah will appear with the Tidings of Consolation for the Jewish people. They believe that a pilgrimage to the cave on this day will vouchsafe them a year of happiness and prosperity.

Inside the cramped cave, the pilgrims lit thousands of candles which cast their gleam over the faces of the professional prayermen, who, for a consideration, were interceding with the Prophet Elijah for the souls of the departed and the future well-being of the living. The pilgrims had only to supply the cash and the appropriate names to fill the blanks in the headmen's standard, speedy and efficiently dispassionate prayers.

The heat in the cave rose steadily, fuelled by the ever-increasing number of candles and pilgrims' bodies. Even the hot summer temperature outside appeared cool in comparison.

Fanned by the heat, the pilgrims' ecstasy rose, until many were whooping, kneeling on the floor and kissing the walls of the cave.

Among the pilgrims were a number of Moslems, Christians and Druse — also believers in the Prophet's powers.

Many old friends from North Africa celebrated reunions outside the cave. Traders in charms against the evil eye did a roaring trade, which was matched only by the efforts of the candle hustlers. Most of the charms had a pointed slogan, "Charity Saves from Death," ostentatiously printed on them, in large letters.

The dozens of beggars, shaking their tins energetically, completely ignored the notices of "Begging Forbidden" posted near the cave.

Women's Prison Warden Resigns Job

Jerusalem Post Staff

TEL AVIV. — The acceptance of the resignation of Mrs. Hava Igla as warden of the Neveh Tirza prison at Ramla, tendered on July 17, has been accepted, Dr. Zvi Hermon, Commissioner of the Prison Service, reported on Sunday.

Mrs. Igla, whom Dr. Hermon described as a "good administrator, but a martinet," resigned after she was confronted with the report of a special commission appointed by Dr. Hermon to study conditions at the prison. Dr. Hermon told *The Jerusalem Post* that he had named the commission after a discussion he had with Mr. Yair Cutler, a reporter for "Ha'aretz," early in July, after Mr. Cutler had studied conditions at Neveh Tirza. Mr. Cutler's findings were published in "Ha'aretz" on Friday, August 1.

Dr. Hermon said the committee found Mrs. Igla to have conducted a "reign of terror" at the jail, and that she had failed to report prison problems and complaints to him. Her tight disciplinary measures were not suitable for normal relations, he said, "and prisoners and prison staff alike suffered from her methods."

DROP IN EXPORTS DURING JULY

Exports during July fell to $7.2m. as against $7.7m. in the corresponding period last year.

The drop was caused mainly by falling industrial exports ($3.5m. as against $4.2m. in July, 1957). The export of diamonds remained stable at $2.9m. and agricultural exports rose by $300,000, reaching $820,000. The drop in industrial exports was mainly due to a decrease in cement and car exports.

The spokesman for the Ministry of Commerce and Industry pointed out on Sunday that exports had risen from $91.8m. in January-June 1957 to $93.7m. for the corresponding period this year.

Cinema Audience Cheers Gilbert

Jerusalem Post Bureau

TEL AVIV. — The audience in the Gan Rena cinema on Sunday night rose to applaud the French Ambassador, M. Pierre Gilbert when he appeared on the balcony for the gala performance of Jean Delannoy's film version of a novel by George Simenon "Maigret tend un piege" (Maigret Sets a Trap).

UNIVERSITY SCIENTIST AT NUCLEAR CONGRESS

Dr. P. Avivi, of the Hebrew University's Physics Department, recently attended the Congress on Thermo-Nuclear Energy held at Ravenna, Italy. While in Europe he visited a number of institutions engaged in research on thermo-nuclear reactions, a field of research in which members of the Physics Department are now considering starting work.

Hilversum Giving Eilat Grand Piano

Jerusalem Post Correspondent

AMSTERDAM (By Air Mail). — The town of Eilat will soon receive a grand piano thanks to the Mayor of Hilversum, Mr. A. Boot, and Mrs. Boot. Some time ago the chairman of the Eilat council Mr. Hanoch Nenner, who is of Dutch origin, visited Hilversum in connection with the Israel Bonds campaign and addressed a meeting of potential Bonds purchasers. The Mayor of Hilversum had kindly placed the beautiful modern town hall at Mr. Nenner's disposal.

During his talk, Mr. Nenner happened to mention that Eilat would soon have a Cultural Centre. The Mayoral couple then organised a campaign among their friends and acquaintances to provide this Centre with a grand piano.

Mr. Nenner and Mr. Gershon Agron, the Mayor of Jerusalem, who during a short visit to Holland last year was likewise received by the Mayor of Hilversum and addressed a meeting of the district Chamber of Commerce, have both invited Mr. and Mrs. Boot to visit Israel. During this visit, which will probably take place in October, the grand piano will be officially presented to Eilat.

LIGHTNING. — Lightning killed 44-year-old farmer Gaston Tissot as he drove his cart through a storm at Arlay, south of Dijon, this weekend. His horse was also struck dead between the shafts.

Name-Calling in Tel Aviv Council

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Rehov Ahavat Zion is to be renamed Rehov Pinkas on Tuesday, after the late David Zvi Pinkas, Mizrahi leader, Local Councillor and Minister of Communications.

The ceremony will be one in a series of road-name alterations, decided upon by a Municipal committee according to a party key. When there are no new roads to name, it has become the custom to alter existing titles, the Municipal Committee on Street Names maintaining an even balance between the Council factions.

When Herut proposed the renaming of Rehov Dizengoff after the late Irgun leader, David Raziel, the Mayor succeeded in persuading his coalition partners to withdraw this controversial suggestion before it became a subject for public debate. Herut agreed to a compromise suggestion honouring Raziel's memory in Jaffa and the much-disputed name was bestowed on Rehov Tarshish, popularly known as Boustros Street, at a ceremony attended by the Mayor.

However, the opposition factions, in retaliation, have refused to withdraw their proposal to rename Rehov Hayarkon after the late David Remez, who was Israel's first Minister of Communications. When the proposal was first made, former Mayor I. Rokach, M.K., campaigned against Labour on this issue. In the debate it was recalled that, during his term of office, he had initiated several changes himself, among them the redesignation of a previous Rehov Ahavat Zion as Rehov Aaronsohn, and of Rehov Kibbutz Galuyot as Rehov Jabotinsky.

At the initiative of the Labour members of the coalition, Hakirya Road is now to be altered to Rehov Kaplan, after the late Minister of Finance.

The lone Progressive Councillor, Mr. A. Goldstein, is convinced that he would have most Tel Avivians behind his suggestion that no roads be named after public personalities in the future. Every such nomination provokes a counter-nomination, he declared.

Singers Come For Choral Festival

By air and by sea, Jewish choral groups from various lands began to arrive on Sunday to participate in the Zimriya music festival this month.

At Lydda Airport the 42-member Belgrade Jewish Community Choir stepped from their chartered Convair aircraft into the brilliant Israel landscape about which their leader said they had for so long been singing.

Down the gangplank of the s.s. Theodor Herzl in Haifa trooped the 45 men and women from England, Belgium, Holland and Greece who will sing for Israel audiences during the next few weeks.

A NEW branch of the Workers Bank was opened on Sunday in the Hatikva Quarter of Tel Aviv. The branch is the Bank's ninth in Tel Aviv-Jaffa.

Kol Yisrael Silent As Technicians Strike

Kol Yisrael went dead for 82 minutes on Sunday when radio technicians and broadcasters throughout Israel unexpectedly went on strike. They returned to work after the management of the radio service promised to meet with the Technicians Union on Wednesday to discuss grievances about gradings.

A Union spokesman told *The Jerusalem Post* that the decision to stop work was taken after the management on Friday "unilaterally" postponed a meeting, which had been scheduled to take place on Sunday, of the committee comprising two management and two Union representatives. He said that after two years of procrastination, the management had promised in writing to meet on Sunday and present "concrete proposals."

The spokesman said the strike, which had been scheduled to continue from 11 a.m. to 1:30 p.m., was called off at 12:22 upon receipt of a letter from the management promising to present "final, detailed proposals" at a meeting on Wednesday. The stoppage, he added was called without consultation with the Histadrut.

A spokesman for the Ministry of Posts, under whose jurisdiction Kol Yisrael falls, said the Ministry learned of the strike only five minutes before it began, when it received a telegram from the Technicians Union.

STABS WIFE HE BELIEVES UNFAITHFUL

TEL AVIV. — Suspecting that his 50-year-old wife was being unfaithful, 70-year-old Avraham Hasadi of the Ezra Quarter, near Rishon leZion, attempted to stab and kill her on Sunday morning. Hasadi was arrested and his wife taken to Assaf Harofe hospital where her condition was reported to be satisfactory. (Itim)

Infiltrators Charged In Jaffa Court

TEL AVIV. — Two men from the Gaza strip were charged before a Jaffa military court on Sunday with infiltration and carrying arms.

Hamiss Hamdan al Shahraba, 18, and Musdah Ali Abu Hashem, 20, of Rafiah, were seized on March 2 "somewhere in the south," when al Shahraba was found to be in possession of a submachinegun, 54 cartridges and loaded cartridge cases.

They were captured by an officer of the Israel Defence Forces who set an ambush for them after their presence was reported by an Israel Beduin. Taken to a police station, they confessed to coming from Gaza, saying only they were crossing into Jordan, but they could not account for their possession of a weapon. (Itim)

Blind Demonstrate For Work in Capital

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Jerusalem police on Sunday afternoon released 11 blind men and women who had been detained for obstructing traffic in a quiet but unlicensed demonstration.

The blind, carrying placards demanding "bread and work," refused to identify themselves or say where they were from. Out of consideration for their handicap, they were not pressed to answer, nor were charges preferred against them, the police spokesman told *The Jerusalem Post*. He added that the particulars of the case had been referred to the Ministry for Social Welfare for investigation.

The demonstrators, most of them young, squatted and even lay down in the middle of King George Avenue, one of the Capital's busiest thoroughfares. When police vans arrived to remove them, passers-by who tried to interfere were themselves detained. These latter were also released immediately without being charged.

Bank Officials Held For Embezzling

TEL AVIV. — Two officials of the Jaffa branch of the Bank Leumi were remanded on Sunday pending investigation of charges of embezzlement. Their names have not been released.

Police Sergeant Hanna Gattas told Magistrate A. Mowshowitz that several days ago, Mr. David Quinto complained to Jaffa police that IL1,000 had been drawn from his account without his knowledge. The bank officials, he said, showed him a cheque drawn last month which purportedly bore his signature. Mr. Quinto alleges that the signature is not his. (Itim)

New Methods At Citrus Carton Plant

By MARK SEGAL

LYDDA. — New ideas in building and production processes were shown to reporters on Sunday at the nearly completed Cargal carton plant near here by Mr. S. Dubiner, the company's Managing Director.

The new plant is due to begin production on August 15, Mr. Dubiner announced, although the official opening ceremony would take place in November. Similarly, the Cargal sodium silicate plant would also start production in November near the factory site.

A radical departure from the accepted type of industrial construction had enabled Cargal to reduce its costs from the usual IL40 per square metre to IL25, Mr. Dubiner said. This had been achieved by Cargal becoming its own contractor, using corrugated carton instead of concrete in places, and by transferring to the building site workshops such as the structural steel works.

Costs had been cut so drastically that over IL1m. was saved, Mr. Dubiner declared. He claimed that this was the first factory of its kind in the world which had been built so cheaply. "It proved that if you have good management, you can reach the highest income per capita in Israel, with local workmen and materials properly utilized," he said.

The Cargal factory in Corinth, Greece, would be pre-fabricated in Israel and transported there. It was hoped that the Greek plant would go into operation within three months.

Over $1m. worth of machinery would be installed in the new carton plant, which would be 300 metres long, 110 metres wide and 12 metres high.

Swastikas Painted on Cars To Ward Off Baghdad Mob

By HENRIETTE BOAS, Jerusalem Post Correspondent

AMSTERDAM (By Airmail). — Foreign residents in Baghdad have painted swastikas on their cars as protection against being molested by the mob, and the greeting "Heil Hitler" is common now in the Iraqi capital, according to the first Western journalist to leave that country after the coup with complete photo coverage of the events following the revolution.

The journalist, Karl Breyer, of Aachen, who was in Iraq on a mission for the French illustrated journal "Paris Match," arrived at Schiphol airport, Amsterdam, last week.

He also reported that King Faisal was not killed outright but was wrapped in a blanket after being shot in a fusillade inside the Royal Palace, and was said to have lived for another two days. Nuri Said's villa, Breyer continued, has been turned into a museum and is visited daily by thousands of Iraqis.

After news was received of the Baghdad coup, Breyer flew immediately from Europe to Cairo. He then went on to Damascus and set out from there for Baghdad, but was arrested at the Syrian-Iraqi border, together with a Greek colleague, and was held for three days.

Found a Taxi

After being released and allowed to proceed at his own risk, Breyer found a taxi willing to take him 800 kilometres to Baghdad. At Habbaniya, en route, he found the airfield surrounded by a division of Iraqi troops and check-points every 500 metres.

On the outskirts of Baghdad, he was intercepted by a patrol which took him to the Ministry of Defence. But in view of his letters of introduction and also clearly because of the fact that he was a German, he was cordially received.

From the Ministry of Defence he was taken to the Information Department, in the Baghdad broadcasting station, where he received a laissez passer and was enabled, accompanied by a soldier, to go wherever he wanted. This was on July 20, five days after the coup.

Comes to Grief

After passing through all the hazards of the Iraq revolution, Breyer, ironically, came to grief in Holland. After having recounted his success as a smuggler in getting forbidden pictures out of Iraq, including those showing the bodies of Nuri Said and Abdul Illah, the Dutch police decided to check up on Breyer. They found that in 1953 he had been sentenced in absentia to a month's imprisonment for having attempted to smuggle three pounds of coffee from Holland to his home town of Aachen, just across the frontier.

Breyer was arrested just as he was about to board a plane for Paris. He was allowed to dispatch his photographs by the same aircraft and after three days was released on bail and allowed to leave the country.

TOUR. — General Maxwell Taylor, U.S. Army Chief of Staff, left Washington by air on Sunday for a 10-day visit to Europe where he will confer with officials and visit military installations in Britain, France and Germany.

Bathers Break Down Fence on Beach

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HERZLIYA. — Bathers broke down the fences at the seashore here on Saturday in a mass refusal to pay an admission fee to the sands. They vociferously referred to a news item published a few days earlier in which the Minister of the Interior declared it was illegal for the Local Council to charge admission to the shore.

Late on Friday night, a gang of men removed the wire closing off the stretch between the Sharon and Accadia hotels. Local Council employees repaired it early Saturday, but at the second attempt, there was a break through after several free-for-all fights.

Mr. A. Michaeli, Chairman of the Herzliya Local Council, told *The Jerusalem Post* that the matter was being raised again with the Minister of the Interior. He claimed that the income from admission fees to the beach had been included in several budgets which were approved by the Minister. It could therefore be assumed, he said, that the charge was, in effect, legal.

Mr. Michaeli added that he was a member of the special committee on beaches set up by the Minister of the Interior. It had not yet completed its report but there was a suggestion that Herzliya be given a grant in lieu of the levy of beach-admission fees.

FIRST ISSUE OF NEW MEDICAL JOURNAL

The first issue of the "Israel Medical Journal, Formerly Acta Medica Orientalia," will appear next week in conjunction with the IVth World Assembly of the Israel Medical Association.

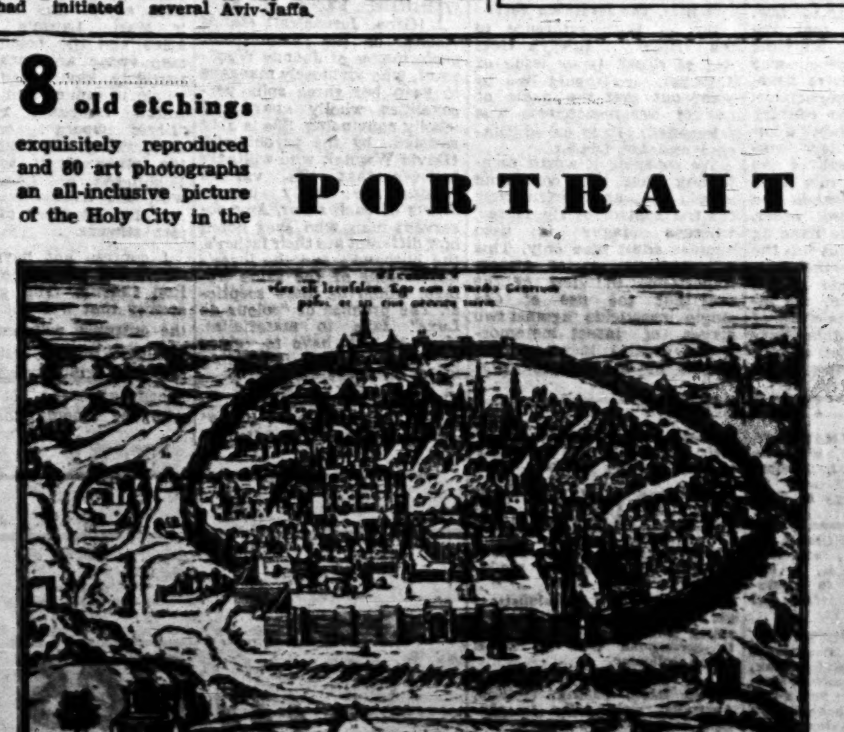
"The Israel Medical Journal" is the English-language publication of the Israel Medical Association, which also publishes "Harefua" in Hebrew. It appears every other month and is distributed to the main medical libraries and faculties throughout the world, as well as to members of the Jewish Physicians Fellowship of the I.M.A. abroad.

We wish to inform the hundreds who have enquired why the daily broadcast from Kol Yisrael Studio at the Tenth Anniversary exhibition at Binyanei Ha'ooma, Jerusalem, was not held yesterday: that the broadcast had to be cancelled without notice because of a lightning strike of the Kol Yisrael engineering services.

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Too Much Talk At Youth Meet

By SHALOM COHEN
Jerusalem Post Reporter

DOZENS of speeches were delivered and thousands of words in Hebrew, English, French and Spanish, raced through the microphone in argument and debate before the 353 delegates to the "summit" meeting of world Jewish youth left their four-day convention at the Wise Auditorium on the Hebrew University Campus.

Some time will have to elapse before the convention can be properly evaluated. Till then, its greatest achievement appears to be that it took place and enabled members of vastly divergent organizations to get together.

The convention, the first of its kind, was in the nature of an experiment and its sponsors, the Youth and Halaluts Department of the Jewish Agency, knew well at the outset that it was fraught with difficulties. Some of these became apparent during the proceedings and will presumably be noted for future reference.

One of the strongest impressions left behind by the convention was the stirring ovation given the President and Mr. Ben-Gurion, whose presence acted as a sort of converging point for differences of Zionist and non-Zionist points of view. The highlights were the speeches of Mr. Moshe Sharett, delivered in his impeccable English and tinged with humour — unlike others Mr. Sharett knew his audience through his personal contact with the movements abroad—and Dr. Nahum Goldmann, who also talked "with" the delegates instead of "at" them.

Mr. Izhar Smilansky, the writer, on the other hand, made a strong impact on the Israelis, but was partly lost on the visitors because of the style in which he delivered his 40-minute speech. Oratory, however good, is lost over the best of translation hookups. Several speakers failed to take this into account.

Varied Types

Of the many delegate speakers, some bravely sought to confine themselves to practical matters affecting world Jewish youth but were swamped by ideological discussion. A student of types would have found a rich hunting ground at the convention. Impassioned South Americans, fluent Frenchmen, incisive Americans, apologetic Englishmen, "youth-leader" speaking Israelis and a very young-looking girl with a tinkle of a voice from India.

Although the subjects for discussion were under different headings — preceded by prepared papers, everyone, including some who complained, unburdened himself of what was close to his heart. It would have been hard to avoid this since the themes were so closely bound with each other, as for example "Ways and means of deepening Jewish content in youth work" and "The situation and problems of Jewish youth today" (though the 353 delegates at the convention included 143 Israelis, the speeches and discussion were directed at Jewish youth in the Diaspora). Possibly a more rationalized agenda could have been drawn up to prevent this "elephant and the Jewish problem" development. At one point a motion from the floor was adopted that delegates could only enter their names on the speakers' list after listening to the preceding papers, and not before as had been happening.

Looking back at the convention, it seems that the organizers had an insoluble problem on their hands: an amorphous mass of delegates from Jewish social clubs, religious groupings and Marxist-Zionist movements, speaking different languages, representing dissimilar backgrounds and holding opposing views on many subjects, including how a convention should be run. Naturally, in the end no one was entirely satisfied. Many found four days of talk, some of it over earphones, to be hard going. Perhaps the answer is some sort of jamboree or summer study camp where people can talk and relax together.

Crux of Discussion

The crux of all the discussions was the growth of assimilation, the problem of Jewish consciousness and the relation of these questions to the Jewish State — for some "a focal point," for others "the only complete solution." In the end, when the steering committee began formulating the resolutions some U.S. non-Zionist delegates objected to certain phrases — one was *Kibbutz Galuyot*, the Ingathering of the Exiles, since they did not consider themselves Exiles — but agreement was reached with imperceptible alterations.

What possible concrete results can then emerge from the convention? The Zionist delegations will return home and act as booster for their respective organizations and perhaps even encourage a trend towards *halutziut*. The non-Zionist delegations have been brought closer to Zionism or at least greater insight into it, though after four days of "problems" there is always the risk of them taking the attitude of "I need this like a hole in the head." The Israel delegations got a first-hand picture of Jewish life and trends abroad.

The convention can also lead to cooperation among various organizations within each country (Israel excepted). One of the resolutions called for such cooperation, although how it is to be carried out has yet to be seen. If another convention is held in 1961, as was resolved by the convention — it will be interesting to see whether the response to the invitations will be as good as it was this time.



An Israel girl corporal and a Dutch boy from Nijmegen form part of a Hora circle under the admiring gaze of the townspeople following the Israel contingent's arrival in the town at the end of the international four-day march last week. Photo by Coerant

Britain Builds A-Power Plant

By GERDA L. COHEN
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

LONDON.

"AREN'T you going to buy one?" asked the chief engineer at Berkeley Nuclear Power Station without the shadow of a smile. He didn't imagine that I would write out a cheque for some £40m. on the spot, but he did take for granted that Israel had plans to remedy her fuel problem by exploiting the atom: in other words, by purchasing a reactor from either Britain or the U.S., as yet the only exporters of such mammoth equipment.

Berkeley is one of four power stations rapidly changing the skyline along Britain's sadly tamed and bungaloid coastline. Another dozen nuclear titans — the exact number has not been decided — should be operating by 1966. The government programme envisaged an aggregate generating capacity of between 5,000,000 and 6,000,000 kilowatts, nearly a quarter of the total electricity output.

Coal Not Oil

At first sight, it may appear that the wizardry of uranium rods can charm away the spectre of Britain's reliance on oil. But uranium-born power, fed into the national grid, only takes the top off the curve of steeply rising consumption. The main spur to invest in atomic power was not the fear of no more oil from Kuwait, but the prospect of dwindling coal output. A paradox indeed, with vast dumps of coal waiting for customers, but nonetheless evident from ever deeper and scantier seams. The nuclear programme should save 15,000,000 tons of coal annually.

All the stations follow the pattern developed at Calder Hall, namely: rods of natural uranium in a reactor moderated by graphite blocks, with carbon di-oxide gas circulating to channel the heat released by fission. Boilers then convert the heat to steam which drives generators in the normal way.

It all sounded quite straightforward, when the chief engineer explained this basic design to me. Nuclear engineering, however, poses unique requirements, in size, safety, remote control. When the programme was first announced, the Electricity Generating Board decided to avert any public nervousness by building its nuclear pioneers away from heavily populated areas. This has caused a head-on conflict with zealous protectors of rural England — or what's left of it. The most bitterly contested site, in a rather bleak bit of Snowdonia, hangs yet in the balance after a government enquiry enlivened by bus-loads of unemployed Welshmen.

Nearby Village

For the local people, as a rule, clamour for atomic stations in their back-yard — whatever week-end visitors may feel about ruining the countryside. Berkeley is a large village (the inhabitants call it a town) on the flat reedy shores of the Severn. There hasn't been so much excitement there since Edward II expired through malnutrition behind the ramparts of Berkeley Castle. Trucks and machinery rumble down the village street to a jungle of huts, scaffolding, trapezoid men shooting sparks over the emergent steel. Nearly 3,000 people work there, and the welders, oddly enough, are perhaps more important than the "boffins." They weld the three-inch plates of steel forming a giant dustbin to house the reactor core. A significant advance over the prototype at Calder Hall was the adoption of thicker reactor walls, and hence, a bigger "pile."

Inside the steel walls, 80 feet overhead, welders were crawling about crab-wise, to X-ray each suture in case any fission product should leak through. The flames and noise made it reminiscent of Dante's inferno, but welders earn enough overtime to compensate. A shield of concrete, eight foot solid, encased the reactor cylinder. Once the uranium rods have been inserted, everything gets sealed off for operation by remote control. The circulating carbon di-oxide cannot therefore be contaminated: apart from its atomic heart, Berkeley resembled any other generating station.

Ignorant of the inherent safety of such a design, the public becomes alarmed whenever something goes wrong at an experimental establishment of the Atomic Energy Authority. In fact, accidents have alerted the scientists to unforeseen behaviour in their civil reactors. Although the Electricity Board has undertaken the power programme, the Authority still acts as god-mother and more. Uranium fuel rods in their magnesium alloy sheaths, will be supplied by the Authority and bought back again for processing, after use. This arrangement has no altruism behind it, because the Authority needs plutonium (a by-product of the fission process) for manufacturing thermonuclear weapons. Recently, the government decided to alter civil reactors due for construction, so that more plutonium could be obtained. That means more frequent refuelling, and consequently a higher cost for each kilowatt produced.

Heavy Outlay

How expensive, in fact, is atomic power likely to prove? Initial investment on each station will run at something more than twice the average outlay on a conventional plant. Consortia of the biggest engineering firms in Britain are designing and building the stations under contract, so each one has tackled the basic pattern differently, incorporating improvements as the field gets explored. Although Berkeley dwarfed the workmen creeping below, it is actually the smallest station; later versions, extract more output from a bigger "pile." Baffled by the height of their creation, one firm over-topped the dilemma by designing the tallest crane in the world. The boiler towers also thwarted normal practice by their extreme size. Some have been towed by sea from Scotland down to a site in Essex.

What of future generating cost? Assuming no change in the continual rise of coal and oil prices, power from uranium will probably be dearer at first, and much cheaper later — estimating in decades, not years. Much depends, of course, on the price of uranium. The Authority has adequate supplies guaranteed for the next few years but looking ahead to an expansion of the programme, has offered to help prospectors for radioactive ore. South Africa, Australia and Canada will keep the reactors fuelled — and through the Authority, also maintain reactors exported by British firms.

Last Assault on Hatzor

CURRENT DIG SEEKS CLUES TO CITY'S DESTROYER

By YESHAYAHU ASHNI
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

MAIN assignment of the Hatzor Exhibition in this, its fourth and last season of excavations which began this week and will end on November 1, will be to find out who destroyed Canaanite Hatzor before Solomon rebuilt it, and whether this destruction took place in the days of Joshua or in the time of the Judges.

At a press conference at Ayelet Hashahar last week (that was briefly reported in these columns) Dr. Yigael Yadin, who leads the expedition, praised the efficiency and the resourcefulness of the workers who have participated in previous digs. The expedition, organized by the Hebrew University, Baron James A. de Rothschild, the English-Israel Archaeological Research Committee and the Department of Antiquities of the Ministry of Education and Culture, employs 320 workers of whom 30 are women from Hatzor, 80 labourers from Safad and 40 Technion students employed by the Ministry of Labour.

800 Years' Work

At the present rate, 800 years would be required to excavate all the strata of the *tel*, says Dr. Yadin, but excavations will be suspended upon the close of this season's work, if only to digest the discoveries of these four years, which have already yielded 150,000 separate objects.

The first 50,000 finds, uncovered in 1955, are covered by a first descriptive volume dedicated to the memory of Baron James de Rothschild and published in English in a limited edition of 1,000 copies at £7 each on the occasion of the Hatzor Exhibition that was recently held at the British Museum. This large volume, which consists of 200 tables and 200 pages of text as well as 12 maps showing the absolute elevations of all sites, was written by Dr. Yadin, Dr. Yohanan Aharoni, Dr. Ruth Amiran, Mrs. Trude Dothan, Mr. A. Donievsky and Dr. Jean Perrot and printed by the Goldberg Press.

It is to appear in Hebrew in time for the 14th meeting of the Israel Exploration Society, to be held in Safad on Succot (half of the proceedings at this year's conference are to be dedicated to Hatzor). The volume is purely descriptive, and the finds will not be assessed until much later.

Shoddy Contracting

This year's dig will be confined to Areas One and Two on the *tel* and Areas Eight and Nine in the Lower Canaanite Town. The work in Sector One, where the Solomonic Gate was found, will be under the personal direction of Dr. Yadin, who notes that although the Hatzor Gate was designed by the same architect as the one at Megiddo, it was built by a contractor whose work standards were poorer and who took advantage of the great distance from Hatzor to Jerusalem to allow shoddier craftsmanship. The main problem here will be to obtain further details on the history of the city before Solomon rebuilt it.

Similar problems will confront Dr. Amiran at Sector Two, site of the Ahabite citadel that stood here until the end of the Israelite period under Pekah, son of Remaliah, when Tigiat Mileser took the city in 732 B.C.E. It will be recalled that one of the jugs found here was dedicated to Pekah.

Altar to Sun

In Sector Eight, the site of the temple excavations, Mrs. Dothan will continue to dig at the spot where the giant basalt orthostats were found last year. The Hatzor temple, whose ground plan is similar to Solomon's Jerusalem temple, complete with the pillars Yachin and Boaz, yielded an altar of the sun god and a number of statues and seals last season. A Canaanite temple under the Israelite one will also be investigated.

Mr. M. Dothan, Deputy Director of the Department of Antiquities, joined the expedition this year and will be in charge of Sector Nine, where the Canaanite gate is to be uncovered, along with some of the fortifications of the days when this was a thriving metropolis of 40,000 that extended over an area of one kilometre by 700 metres.

At the end of the season the entire site will be restored by the Government Tourist Corporation to allow amateurs and visitors from abroad to find their way around the excavations, as was done at Megiddo.

מסטיבל ותערוכת
הקיבוץ
THE KIBBUTZ
Festival and Exhibition
August-September 1958
Kiryat Eliezer, Haifa
ישראל
The United Committee for Israel's 10th Anniversary of Kibbutzim of all trends and the Haifa Municipality.

YESTERDAY'S PRESS

Retort to Moscow

IN reply to the Soviet charge that Israel is helping to aggravate Middle East tension by permitting the violation of her air space by Britain and America, Haboker (General Zionist) asks how this country, which is the only calm island in this greatly disturbed area, can be made the butt of such a charge when the U.S.S.R. for its part does everything to intensify the storm. In effect, Israel has adopted a most elementary means of defending herself by allowing foreign planes to come to the assistance of a country whose fall would mean Israel's total encirclement. As to our interests, which seem of such concern to Moscow, our only wish is to be left alone to exist and develop in peace.

Davar (Histadrut) claims that the protest lacks either legal or moral basis since it rests on the premise that Israel should make Arab encirclement easier and help Nasser create his pan-Arab empire. In other words, the interests of the Russians are paramount while those of Israel are altogether unimportant.

Ha'aretz (non-party) writes that the Soviet note calls for an immediate answer although it is almost certain that the summit talks will ultimately clarify relations between the West and the Arabs. A great deal, of course, depends upon what the West intends to do in Jordan and whether our allowing it to use our airspace will help to earn us border guarantees. Unless we are sure of this, our Government has no choice but ask the British to stop flying over Israel without delay.

Herut connects the mass prison break at Shatta on Thursday evening with Nasser's successes and the general upheaval in the Arab world. The paper points to the folly of incarcerating dangerous Arab criminals in a prison so near the border, a fact which greatly facilitated their escape after the break. Haboker writes that there must be a thorough inquiry into how the break was planned, how much assistance it got from outside, and how the preparations escaped the notice of those in charge.

Lamerhav (Ahdut Ha'avoda) marvels at the lack of the simplest precautions such as a signals system, or even a siren. It points out that the criminals' signal success will no doubt encourage Arab boldness. Ha'aretz writes that the prison commandant and his officer in charge fell down on the job and should be dismissed without delay. The conclusions of the Enquiry Commission can have no bearing on this setback and the need for a transitional period should not delay their dismissal.

Israelis Have To Queue

MASS IMMIGRATION, with all the accompanying difficulties of finding work and striking roots in Israel, oblige Israel's John Doe to kill time in queues, and to wait for his many problems to be solved.

THE ISRAEL CITIZEN

QUEUES for work at the labour exchange
for medical attention at Kupat Holim (Sick Fund)
at the Absorption Department of the Jewish Agency
for housing through Shikun Amami (Popular Housing)
for vital replies from public organization.

THERE WAS A TIME when Israelis had to wait in line for long periods in order to board a bus. **NOWADAYS A COMFORTABLE, ROOMY, SPEEDY BUS LEAVES ON THE JERUSALEM-TEL AVIV ROUTE EVERY 10 MINUTES, AND ON THE TEL AVIV-HAIFA ROUTE EVERY 15 MINUTES. EVERY MINUTE A BUS LEAVES THE TEL AVIV CENTRAL STATION ON ITS WAY TO SOME PART OF ISRAEL.**

The elimination of the long bus queues represents an astonishing improvement in the bus service.

How has this been accomplished?

THE EGGED CO-OPERATIVE has acquired 750 modern buses, and another 120 are due. Egged investments in buses already total IL26m. and are being steadily maintained.

ARE NOT THE PROPOSALS TO ALTER THE PRESENT ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE OF PASSENGER TRANSPORT LIABLE TO PREJUDICE THESE ACHIEVEMENTS?

EGGED'S PUBLIC TRANSPORT SERVICES ARE BEING CONTINUOUSLY ENLARGED AND IMPROVED. IT IS IN THE INTERESTS OF THE COUNTRY AND OF THE PUBLIC THAT OWNERSHIP OF PUBLIC TRANSPORT REMAIN IN THE HANDS OF THOSE WHO HAVE BUILT IT UP AND OPERATE IT.

EGGED (ESHED)

Readers' Letters

COMPULSORY LOAN

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — I was upset to read, in your issue of July 22, that a Supreme Court decision to the effect that outright payments made under the Compulsory Loan Law of 1953 are deductible from income tax (your Law Report of May 20), will be set aside by an Amendment to the law.

It seems to me that the upholding of the Supreme Court's decision, which was reached after extensive hearings, is of greater importance for the good of the country and its citizens than additional revenue. A law cancelling the judgment of the Supreme Court in this matter is liable to weaken the standing of law and order.

If, even after the handing down of a judgment of the Supreme Court in the matter of payment made in lieu of Compulsory Loan, the income tax authorities were of the opinion that this payment should not be exempt from income tax, the proper procedure would have been an appeal against the Supreme Court's decision, but never this high-handed amendment to an existing law.

Yours, etc.
P. Y. REIS

Haifa, July 29.

INSECTICIDE

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — With reference to the article "Nahariya Gets Rid of Flies" (your issue of July 24), we should like to point out that the name of one of our insecticides was misspelled. It is called Diachol and not Diadol.

We consider it worth mentioning that this compound should be used exclusively for the control of fly larvae, whereas Magar is used against adult flies only. This differentiation is of utmost importance in view of the fact that the use of one single insecticide against two stages of insect metamorphosis greatly increases the danger of the insects developing resistance — a phenomenon that has, in the past, deprived many insecticides such as D.D.T. of a great deal of their effectiveness.

Yours, etc.
DR. MERON CHEMICAL WORKS

Haifa, July 28.

AT THE CINEMA

Triple Portrait

"THREE Faces of Eve" (Orna, Jerusalem) stands wholly on the magnificent performance of Joanne Woodward, who virtuosely manages to keep her three split personalities wholly apart and wholly convincing. She is ably assisted by the psychiatrist (David Wayne), who willingly believes that the various "Janes" are really unconscious of each other. Any observant man who ever noted how different are their father's, the husband's and the lover's impressions of the same woman, would be more sceptical. The promise of "colour de Luxe" fails to materialize. Nor does it have to, since psychiatry insists on being black on white.

Operatic Travelogue

"SEVEN Hills of Rome" won't beat "Three Coins." However, people who love Rome and Italian singing will enjoy this film, even if Mario Lanza's beautiful arias and the beautiful Roman vistas are rather amateurishly knit together. The whole is reminiscent of what Anton Bruckner called a "Logic Opera": one man says, "Sing something," and the other sings something. Highlights are Lanza's duet with the little street singer and his parodies of famous jazz singers.

I confess not having seen "Monsieur La Caille" at the Ron Cinema. The giant obscenity that was hoisted over the entrance was enough for me. One regrets seeing such tasteless exhibitionism, which encourages the obscurants who tar cinema posters

T.A.F.M.

PEN FRIENDS

ILIDIO DE MAGALHAES, 19, Rua Barao do Corvo, 685, Vila Nova de Gaia, Portugal. Student, wishes to correspond with an Israel girl of near age in English or Portuguese.

LYNN OLIVER OZENGHAR, 20, 2616, Monterey, Rd., San Marino, California, U.S.A., is unmarried and wants to correspond with a pretty Israel girl in English.

MR. YACOOB MAUNG MAUNG, Assistant Supervisor, Remittance Section, State Commercial Bank, 50/56, Barr Street, Rangoon, Burma, aged 22, wishes to find a pen pal in Israel. His hobbies are stamp collecting and view cards.

MR. Y. N. KHANDIA, 34, of 349 Botataung Pagoda Road, East Rangoon Burma, would like to correspond with someone in Israel. His hobbies are collecting stamps, films, pictures, postcards.

MISS JUNE MUSLIN, 20, of 91 Boutall Hill, Abbey Wood, London, S.E.2, England, would like to correspond with an Israeli. Her interests are general, including dancing, swimming, rambling, etc.

J. L. VAN EST, IJsclubstraat 622 b., Rotterdam, Holland, is a stamp collector and would like to correspond with an Israel stamp collector.

L. A. MATTHEWS, Commonwealth Bank, Coburg, Victoria, Australia, would like to contact someone in Israel who would be willing to exchange Israel stamps for Australian and many of the Pacific Islands.

NATURE NOTES

Migration Riddles

ONLY to give a list of the mysteries which still surround the whole complex of bird migration would far outrun my space for these notes. But today I wish to draw the attention of readers to one of them merely — the air roads taken by the birds.

It is still a mystery how young birds find their way along these pretty firmly traced roads for the first time after being hatched — for they rarely do it in company of their elders. An interesting and new observation in this respect has been made by an Austrian ornithologist, but it is not conclusive. He saw the young storks leave towards the middle of August, while the bulk of the old ones remained; a few of these latter, however, did accompany the young ones (easily recognizable by their dark beaks) — and returned after ten days, visibly the worse for wear. Four days later (a fortnight after the young) all the old storks left.

Herr Aumuller, the Austrian birdwatcher, ventures the hypothesis that the young ones wait somewhere — but so far he has no facts to go upon. Perhaps this year, in which an international census of storks is to be made, and in which more storks than ever before have been ringed (or banded, as the Americans say), will bring enlightenment. Ringing has established the roads taken; it will also help with other problems.

P.A.

PLANE CRASHES ON SWISS HOSPITAL

LAUSANNE (Reuter). — A small private plane crashed on a hospital on the outskirts of Lausanne on Sunday afternoon, killing the Swiss pilot and severely injuring two French passengers.

The pilot, M. Gaston Mulles, was the Secretary-General of the International Federation of Aero Clubs and represented it on the International Olympics Committee. He was also a member of the Swiss Olympics Committee.

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